Solomon Islands [Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist. (6) xx. p. 445, 1897], which is probably identical generically with *P. granosus*, the type of *Polyplepis*, from the Moluccas. Afterwards came Attems, who, in spite of its preoccupation, resuscitated *Pachyurus* and divided it into two subgenera, *Amplinus* for the American species and *Angustinus* for the Oriental species. Giving these names generic rank, we get the following result:—

*Polyplepis* (≡*Paradesmorhachis* ≡ *Angustinus*) for the Oriental species with narrow first tergal plate. Type, *P. granosus*, Humb. & Saussure.

*Amplinus*, Attems, for the Central and South American species with broad first tergal plate. Type (by selection), *A. kallonotus*, Attems.

**Key to the Central-American Species***.

1. **Amplinus nitidus**. (Tab. XI. fig. 3.)


A jet-black, shining species, with black antennae and dark brown legs, and with the external half of the keels clear yellow and sharply contrasted with the black of the rest of the dorsal surface. The sculpturing

* A. eriechoni, of which the distinctive features are unknown, has been omitted from this Table.