Key to the Central-American Genera.

a. All the pores absent, except a single pair upon the fifth segment ...

a'. Pores retained upon other segments, normal in number or in excess of the normal.

b. Pores abnormal in number, present upon segments 8, 11, and 14 ...

b'. Pores normal in number, absent upon segments 8, 11, and 14.

c. Distal segment of phallopod bent at a right angle to the coxa and bearing a distinct seminal fossa at the base on the inner side.

d. Seminal fossa of phallopod forming a circular or subcircular pit lined with hairs.

e. Keels elevated, spiniform, with acutely-pointed angles ...

\( e' \). Keels broad, laminate, not spiniform.

f. Lateral edges of keels scarcely thickened, but markedly irregular in outline ....

\( f' \). Lateral edges of keels markedly thickened, with evenly rounded outline ...

d'. Seminal fossa of phallopod not closed on its distal side, but opening into a wide channel traversing the inner surface of the segment.

g. Keels small, ending posteriorly in a sharp tooth; phallopod 3-pronged, the seminal stile narrow acuminate, not longer than the auxiliary branches ...

\( g' \). Keels large, not markedly spiniform; seminal stile of phallopod compressed, sublamine, and much longer than the auxiliary branches ...

c'. Distal segment of phallopod not bent at a right angle to the coxa, the two segments axially in the same straight line and protruding vertically from their socket; no distinct seminal fossa at the base of the distal segment.

h. Phallopods large; their sockets large and abutting against the basal segments of the legs of the seventh segment; the tracheal rods short; anal sternal plate distinctly triangular; keels large and overlapping ...

\( h' \). Phallopods very small with long and cylindrical tracheal rods; their sockets very small and remote from the basal segments of the legs of the seventh segment; anal sternal plate semi-oval.

i. Keels medium-sized, not overlapping; sternal areas not compressed and bituberculate behind; legs with sixth segment much longer than fifth ...

\( i' \). Keels very large, wide, overlapping and depressed; sternal areas narrowed posteriorly, with their posterior border deeply angled and bidentate; legs with sixth segment only a little longer than fifth ...

Duoporus.

Strongylodesmus.

Rhachidomorpha.

Rhachodesmus.

Pararhachistes.

Acutangulus.

Neoleptodesmus.

Aceratophallus.

Pammicrophallus.

Zeuctodesmus.