the fifth and sixth not so closely as those preceding them. Legs yellow, rather short and stout.

This is a very isolated species; the intermediate coxae are contiguous for a small part of their length behind, and the mesosternal process between them is elongate and is raised along the middle; the space between the middle and hind coxae is very small. Only one individual, in very fragile condition, has been found.


Minuta, fusca, parum nitida, dense subtilius punctulata, antennarum basi pedibusque testaceis; antennis brevibus, apicem versus fortiter incrassatis; prothorace fortiter transverso, elytris quam hic multo longioribus; abdomen parallelo, erebris (segmentis 5° et 6° sparsiis) punctato.

Long. 1¾ millim.

_Hab._ GUATEMALA, Totonacapam 8500 to 10,500 feet (Champion).

Antennæ quite short, third joint short and small, only half as long as the second; fourth joint quite small, but not so long as broad; the following joints very short, the ninth and tenth very strongly transverse, the terminal joint stout and rounded. Head small. Prothorax strongly transverse, about twice as broad as long, very finely punctulate. Elytra very greatly longer than the thorax, very finely punctulate. Legs clear yellow.

This is one of the smallest species; and its small size and short antennæ, and other points, give it some approximation of facies to the species of the genus _Oligota_. Only a single specimen has been found.

The middle coxae are rather less contiguous than in the ordinary forms of _Homalota_; and the metasternum is much produced between them; the mesosternal process is therefore not very elongate, although it very nearly, or perhaps quite, meets the metasternum.

11. Homalota evanescens.

Depressa, angustula, parallela, subtilissime punctulata, haucl setulosa, fulvo-testacea, capite abdomineque anto apicem fuscis; antennis crassiusculis, brevibus, articulis penultimis fortiter transversis.

Long. 1½ millim.

_Hab._ GUATEMALA, Guatemala city, San Gerónimo (Champion).

A very minute insect, similar to the European _H. exilis_, Er. The antennæ are stout and very short; the third joint is quite small, almost triangular, not much more than half as long as the second; fourth to tenth each very short, each a little broader than its predecessor; eleventh joint not acuminate, large in proportion to the others. Head subquadrate, almost invisibly punctulate. Thorax transverse, but little narrower than the elytra, straight at the sides, almost impunctate, without channel or impression. Elytra rather elongate, very finely punctate. Hind body parallel, extremely finely punctulate, fifth segment nearly black.

The series of ten specimens referred by me to this species shows so much variation...