1. Gansia bicolor. (Tab. VI. fig. 20.)
Elongata, parum pubescens et parum punctata, fusco-rufa, femoribus basi tarsisque pallidis, abdominis segmentis duobus basilibus ad basin late, tertio angustius, rufo-testaceis; antennis elongatis, gracilibus, variegatis, basi testacea, articulis tribus penultimis nigro-fuscis, ultimo fere albido.
Long. 3½–4 millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA, El Tumbador 2500 feet, Cerro Zunil 4000 to 5000 feet (Champion).

Antennae slender and elongate; the basal joint stout and long, articulated with the second joint in such a manner that the antennae are bent backwards at this spot more readily than from the base; second joint elongate and slender; third also long and slender, a little longer than the second; the following joints also long and slender, but each a good deal shorter and slightly broader than its predecessor, the tenth joint being scarcely so long as broad; terminal joint elongate, longer than the two preceding together. Head almost impunctate, deeply impressed along the middle. Thorax about as long as broad, truncate in front, anterior angles rounded, slightly narrowed from the widest part backwards, but again a little broader at the base, very broadly impressed along the middle, but not canalicate, very little punctate. Elytra rather convex, broad, but little longer than the thorax, very sparingly punctate. Hind body rather narrow and elongate, very little constricted at the base; first and second segments reddish yellow, but black at the hind margins; third segment yellowed at the base only, the other segments black, the surface shining, very little punctate; the basal three segments each very deeply impressed at the base. Legs elongate and very slender, nearly black; the base of the femora and the tarsi very pale yellow.

Falagria varicornis, Sharp, is allied to this elegant and delicate species. Several specimens of G. bicolor have been found by Mr. Champion. The male has the antennae more elongate than they are in the female, and the basal joint much enlarged.

2. Gansia tibialis.
Elongata, parum pubescens et parum punctata, testacea, abdominis segmentis 3° et 4° nigro-signatis, tibii quatuor posteriores prope basin fuscis, antennarum articulis penultimis nigro-fuscis, ultimo fere albido.
Long. 3½ millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA, 4000 to 5000 feet (Champion).

Antennae scarcely so long as head, thorax and elytra, a good deal thickened towards the extremity; the eighth joint about as long as broad; ninth and tenth transverse. Head rather broad, narrowed gently from the eyes to the neck. Thorax not so long as broad, broadly but indistinctly impressed along the middle. Elytra sparingly but somewhat roughly punctate. Third segment of hind body in greater part black, the base, however, yellow, the yellow colour being more extended backwards at the sides than in the middle; fourth segment similarly coloured, except that the black portion reaches in the middle to the preceding segment, so that only a patch on each side is yellow.