§ 1. Genæ with a raised margin; elytra evenly and regularly punctate and pubescent.

1. Quedius advena.

Niger; capite thoraceque subviridescentibus, elytris viridescentibus, antennis pedibusque fuscis, tarsiis fusco-testaceis; capite suborbiculato.

Long. 8 millim.

Hab. Mexico, Las Vigas (Fohr).

Antennæ rather short; basal joint pitchy red; second and third joints nearly black, except that the second is red at the base; tenth joint as long as broad. Head broad, the eyes extending more than three fourths of the length of the sides; four coarse punctures in a transverse line near the front of the eyes, the inner puncture touching the margin of the eye. Thorax nearly as long as broad, a little narrowed in front. Scutellum smooth, without any punctures. Elytra rather longer than the thorax, somewhat sparingly and not very finely punctured. Hind body black, feebly metallic-cent, closely, very finely punctate. The front tarsi are rather broadly dilated in each of the sexes.

This insect appears very closely allied in structure to the European Q. attenuatus; but the rather elongate terminal joint of the maxillary palpus is very slender and acuminate. Mr. Flohr has sent nearly a dozen examples.

§ 2. Genae without raised margin; elytra evenly and regularly punctate and pubescent.

2. Quedius laeticulus. (Tab. VIII. fig. 3.)

Angustulus, nigerrimus; antennis pedibusque testaceis, elytris late aneo-viridis, abdominis apice late rufo.

Long. 7½ millim.

Hab. Panama, Volcan de Chiriqui 2000 to 3000 feet (Champion).

This insect is similar in size and shape to the European Q. attenuatus. The antennæ are short and stout, with joints 5–10 transverse; palpi yellow. Thorax but little rounded at the sides, about as long as broad, very black and shining. Elytra slightly longer than the thorax, sparingly and finely punctate; scutellum sparingly punctate. Hind body very black, with the terminal styles, the last segment and a portion of the preceding segment red, sparingly but not finely punctate.

Only one specimen has been found; it is apparently a female, though the front tarsi are broadly dilated.

3. Quedius championi. (Tab. VIII. fig. 4.)

Niger; antennarum basi pedibusque testaceis, elytris bruneo-testaceis, ad suturam late fuscis, abdomine fulvo-pubescente, segmentorum marginibus posterioribus ferrugineis, ultimo ex parte majore rufo.

Long. 7 millim.

Hab. Guatemala, San Gerónimo 3000 feet, Purula (Champion).

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