portion impunctate, and in the male polished, and produced as a triangular process, with
decurved spinose apex. Thorax about twice as long as broad; the three dorsal grooves
very deep, definite, and straight; the large lateral cavity surrounded by a small
amount of strigose punctuation. Elytra but little longer than the thorax, rather
coarsely strigose-punctate; at the outside there is an impressed line. The abdominal
characters of the male are very slight indeed: the hind margin of the terminal ventral
plate is feebly sinuate, and the preceding segment has some very fine punctuation on
the middle.

This is one of a group of species the determination of which on a small number of
specimens is very difficult; I supposed them, indeed, to be mere variations of one-
species, till I examined the male characters. The late Mr. Janson obtained many
examples of this insect.

12. Oxytelus armatifrons.
Ficias; mandibulis, antennarum bari, pedibus elytrisque testaceis, his brevibus, strigoso-punctatis; prothorace
profunde trisulcato; antennarum articulo ultimo subquadrato, parum transverso.
Mas clypei medio longius spinoso-producto.
Long. 4 millim.

Hab. Panama, Bugaba (Champion).

In the male of this species the head has the whole of the back part densely strigose,
and there is an elongate, oblique, longitudinal channel on each side, but no conspicuous
depression in the middle, and the anterior part is polished, and produced so as to form a
long spine; the middle of the hind margin of the last ventral segment projects a little,
thus forming a short, broad, subacuminate lobe.

We have received only two males of this species; though extremely similar to
O. spinifrons, it differs in the sexual characters, and is therefore probably distinct.

Ficias, nitidus; elytris dilutioribus, antennis apicem versus sordide testaceis, mandibulis pedibusque testaceis;
prothorace profunde trisulcato, haud punctato; elytris brevibus, profunde strigoso-punctatis.
Mas clypei medio longius spinoso-producto.
Long. 4 millim.

Hab. Panama, Bugaba (Champion).

We have only a single male of this species, and, though very similar to O. spinifrons
and O. armatifrons, there is little doubt it is distinct. The antennae are rather long
and slender, neither the fifth nor the tenth joint being transverse. The head is
densely, regularly, longitudinally strigose on the disc, the vertex, however, being shining
and canaliculate in the middle; on either side there is a remarkably conspicuous
elongate, oblique, longitudinal channel, and the polished clypeus is produced in front
to form a very long spine. The thorax is very short. The abdominal characters are-