BIDESSUS (p. 19).

Bidessus hydrovatoideus (p. 20).
Before the locality given, insert:—Mexico, Vera Cruz (Höge).

4 (a). Bidessus maculatus.

Anodochilus maculatus, Bab. Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. iii. p. 16 (1841)¹.

Hab. PANAMA, near the city (Champion).—SOUTH AMERICA, Brazil ¹².

5 (a). Bidessus curtulus.

Breviter ovalis, convexus, absque pubescentia, nitidus, niger, parce punctatus; elytris signatura sub-basali aliaque ad apicem testaceae; prothorace rufo-sordido, basi apieceque obscurioribus; antennis pedibusque flavis. Long. 1¾, lat. ¾ millim.

Hab. PANAMA, Taboga Island, San Miguel in the Pearl Islands (Champion).

Head obscure red, the clypeus distinctly margined in the middle; striola on the wing-case rather longer than that on the thorax, the posterior yellow mark placed quite at the apex; the coxae with only a few obsolete punctures.

Allied to B. quadriscisignatus, but only half the size and with the yellow mark on the wing-case extending quite to the apex. Numerous examples.

6 (a). Bidessus centralis.

Ovalis, sat convexus, dense punctatus, subtilissime pubescens, parum nitidus, testaceus; capite abdomenque fuscescentibus; elytris nigris, fascia sub-basali ad suturam interrupta signaturaque antecapicali flavis. Long. 2¼, lat. 1 millim.

Hab. MEXICO, Chihuahua city (Höge).

Allied to B. pictodes, but of more elongate form and more acuminate behind; and with the yellow marks on the elytra of a different shape, the basal fascia being more irregular and with a more or less distinct prolongation extending backwards from it near the suture; the apical mark is subhamate, and placed well in front of the apex; the striola on the wing-case is about as long as that on the thorax.

Bidessus lynceus (p. 22).
Before the localities given, insert:—MEXICO, TehuanTepec (Höge).

Bidessus spretus (p. 24).
Before the localities given, insert:—MEXICO, Mazatlan (Höge).

Bidessus obtusus (p. 24).
Before the locality given, insert:—MEXICO, San Juan Bautista in Tabasco, Mazatlan in Sinaloa, Tapachula in Chiapas (Höge).

Biol. Centr.-Amer., Coleopt., Vol. I. Pt. 2, September 1887. 5 DD