fourth, and sixth interspaces costate, the outer costa less strongly elevated than the others.
Closely allied to the following species; its thorax less coarsely punctured and more opaque.

17. Uroplata dimidiata. (Tab. IV. fig. 13.)

Elongata, subparallela, dorso subdepressa; subitus nigra, nitida, antepectoris medio, femoribus anticus fere totis, posticusque quatuor basi, fulvis; supra subopaca, rufa-fulva, scutello capitique nigris, facie pieceo-fulva; antennis compressis, dorso cristatis; thorace subconico, lateribus fere rectis, in ? ad apicem magis convergentibus, dorso subcylindrico, ponte medium paullo excavato, rude et crebre punctato; nigro, utrisque vitta lata sublatrali fulva; elytris a basi apicem versu paullo amplatis, apice rotundatis, ad suturam late subquadradim emarginatis, lateribus minute, margine apicali magis distincte, serrulatis; utrisque octo-seriato-punctatis, interspatiis secundo, quarto sextoque costatis, tertio quintoque pone medium minus distincte elevatis; dimidio postico lineaque suturali, postico plus minusve abbreviata, nigris.

Var. A. Elytris nigris, utrisque plaga humerali, fere ad medium extensa, fulva.

Long. 3½-3¾ lin.

Hab. PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui 2500 to 4000 feet, Bugaba 800 to 1500 feet (Champion).

Head strongly produced between the eyes. Antennae strongly compressed, attenuated at the apex; the third to the seventh joints cristate; front finely sulcate, its anterior surface faintly carinate. Thorax subconic, slightly broader than long in the male, rather more transverse in the female; sides straight and converging from base to apex in the male, more obliquely converging at the apex in the other sex; transversely convex, slightly depressed on the hinder disc, coarsely and irregularly punctured; medial line with a fine longitudinal groove. Elytra slightly dilated from the base towards the apex, the latter subacutely rounded, broadly emarginate at the suture; sides finely, the apical margin rather more strongly, serrulate; apical border in the male distinctly dilated; each elytron with eight regular rows of punctures; the second, fourth and sixth interspaces costate, the third behind the middle, and the fifth at its base and apex, slightly elevated.

18. Uroplata elegantula. (Tab. IV. fig. 14.)

Anguste elongata, rufo-testacea, subitus nitida, supra submitida, antennis piecis; thorace transverse, rude rugoso-punctato; elytris fere parallelis, apice rotundatis, lateribus minute serrulatis, margine apicali irregulariter serrato et ad suturam emarginato; utrisque octo-seriato-punctatis, stria octava medio interrupta, interspatiis alternis costatis; vitta lata suturali, ante apicem obsoleta, pieceo-anea instructis.

Long. 2¼ lin.

Hab. PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui 2000 to 3000 feet, David (Champion).

Thorax about one third broader than long; sides straight and nearly parallel from the base to just beyond the middle, thence rounded and converging towards the apex, the anterior angle armed with a short, subacute, oblique tooth; upper surface convex, transversely excavated on the hinder disc, coarsely rugose-punctate. Elytra parallel,