B. Pronotum with two moderately long and sharp lateral horns set at right angles to the shoulders. . . . . . . . . . . \( Spathocentrus, \) gen. nov.

2. Posterior process of the pronotum reaching beyond the middle of the body, and often extended almost to the apex of the tegmina.

A. Pronotum with lateral supra-humeral horns.

\( a \). Posterior process of the pronotum not trifurcate at the apex.

\( a^* \). Form more or less globose-elliptical, convex; posterior process of the pronotum long and stout, areuate; supra-humeral horns variable, broad and blunt, often reduced to mere blunt curved prominences . . . . . . . \( Sphærocentrus, \) gen. nov.

\( b^* \). Form more or less oblong and narrowed to the apex, as a rule much broader in front than behind.

\( a^+ \). Tegmina with not more than two discoidal areas.

\( a^++ \). Outer discoidal area of the tegmina removed by the breadth of a whole area from the anterior margin; five distinct and well-marked areas reaching the apex.

\( a a \). Outer discoidal area truncate and sessile at the base, more or less oblong, and, as a rule, not much smaller than the inner discoidal area, which is also oblong . . . . . . . . . . . \( Campylocentrus, \) Stål.

\( b b \). Outer discoidal area stylate, subtriangular, considerably smaller than the inner discoidal area, which, if present, is trapezoidal, but is sometimes wanting.

\( b^+ \). Tegmina with three discoidal areas.

\( a^++ \). Posterior process of the pronotum triangular, broad at the base and gradually narrowed to a blunt point just beyond the middle of the body . . . . . . . \( Boocerus, \) Stål.

\( b^+ \). Posterior process of the pronotum long, slender, and parallel, reaching almost to the apex of the body . . . . . . . \( Gnampocentrus, \) gen. nov.

\( b \). Posterior process of the pronotum dilated and trifurcate before the apex; supra-humeral horns stout and serrate . . . . . . . \( Gnamtocentrus, \) gen. nov.

B. Pronotum without lateral supra-humeral horns.

\( a \). Pronotum rounded in front, not produced into a porrect or raised process.

\( a^+ \). Posterior process of the pronotum simple, not trifurcate.

\( a^++ \). Disc of the pronotum with a bluntly raised carina on each side; posterior process sinuate above the scutellum, and then slightly bent upwards in an almost straight point . . . . . . . . . . . \( Platycentrus, \) Stål.

\( b \). Posterior process of the pronotum long, slender, and parallel, reaching almost to the apex of the body . . . . . . . \( Centruchoïdes, \) gen. nov.

\( b \). Posterior process of the pronotum dilated and trifurcate before the apex; supra-humeral horns stout and serrate . . . . . . . \( Smerdalea, \) gen. nov.

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