and speaks of the colour as "fuscus vel fusco-ferrugineus." Our specimen, moreover, is not quite perfect, and, under the circumstances, I do not like to separate it.

The specimen from the Stockholm Museum is figured.

2. *Platycentrus obtusicornis*. (Tab. IX. figg. 11, 11 a.)


**Hab.** MEXICO (*Mus. Holm.*) 1, Jalapa (*Höge*).

This species may be readily distinguished from the preceding by the broad and blunt horns, which, if viewed from the front, are strongly deflexed at the apex.

Through the kindness of Dr. Aurivillius, I have been enabled to verify these two insects by comparison with typical specimens in the Stockholm Museum.

The specimen from Jalapa is figured.

**BOOCERUS.**


1. *Booocerus gilvipes*.


**Hab.** MEXICO (*Mus. Holm.*) 1; *Mus. Vind. Cas.*; *Mus. Brit.*.

The pellucid elytra and bright orange legs will easily distinguish this species, which in general appearance and size is allied to *Campylocentrus*; it is not represented in our collection.

**CAMPYLOCENTRUS.**


According to Stål's arrangement this genus appears to be somewhat heterogeneous, containing *Centrotus curvidens*, Fairm., and *C. subspinosus*, Fairm., as well as *C. hamifer*, Fairm. (nee Walk.), and its allies. In general facies, however, and in other respects, the first two species seem abundantly distinct.

1. *Campylocentrus hamifer*.


**Hab.** MEXICO 1 (*Sallé*), Atoyac in Vera Cruz (*Schumann*), Teapa in Tabasco (*H. H. Smith*); GUATEMALA (*Scherzer*), Sabo in Vera Paz, Cerro Zunil (*Champion*); PANAMA (*Boucard*), Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).

Sent in plenty from Chiriqui. The pronotal process in this species is flatter and