perhaps, be placed under the genus *Amblydisca*, but its general affinities appear to be much more towards *Aulacizes*.

A specimen from Bugaba is figured.

14. **Aulacizes confusa.**


*Hab.* *MEXICO*¹ (*Mus. Vind. Cæs.*).

This species is not represented in our collection; it is allied to *A. ambardii*, but is broader and has the head shorter and more truncate, besides being differently coloured.

15. **Aulacizes insignior**, sp. n. (*Tab. XIII. fig. 22.*

Major, lata, fusca, rufo-variegata; vertice elongato, lato, obtuso rotundato, impresso, oculis prominulis; pronoto antice distincte angustato, fortiter rugoso punctato, basi fortiter simillā, utrinque ad medium impresso, fusco-testaceo, indistincte rufo-variegato; scutello magnō fuscato; tegminibus distincte punctatis, ad apicem reticulatis, fuscis, irregulariter rufo-vittatis; pedibus fuscis.

A large and conspicuous species; head long, the underside flatly horizontal, if viewed from the side; vertex long, produced in a large triangle, with the apex bluntly rounded, impressed in front and broadly sulcate behind; eyes prominent; pronotum distinctly narrowed in front, strongly impressed in front and at the sides, rugosely punctured, deeply simillā at the base; tegmina distinctly and closely, but not strongly, punctured, fuscescent, with a broad irregular red band extending obliquely from the scutellum to the sides, and a second band extended across the surface at about a third before the apex, the apical third being fuscescent, subhyaline, and reticulate; legs fuscoa.

*Long.* 17 millim.; *lat.* ad hum. 5 millim.

*Hab.* *PANAMA* (*Boucard*).

I have described this species with some hesitation, as the type-specimen is a poor one and imperfect, but in size and structure and general appearance it differs greatly from the other members of the genus, and is easily recognizable; *A. insignior* may very probably have to be removed from *Aulacizes*.

**PHERA.**


I have regarded this genus of Stål as including certain species which have the head produced in a more or less elongate triangle, the vertex plainly furrowed, and the pronotum with the sides quite parallel or, if anything, broader at the apex than at the base; the two veins of the clavus are sometimes distinct, but appear often to coalesce for the greater part of their length, and divide into a fork at each end.

1. **Phera wallengreni.**

*Phera wallengreni*, Stål, Stett. ent. Zeitch. xxv. p. 78 (1864)¹.

*Hab.* *MEXICO*¹ (*Mus. Holm. & Mus. Vind. Cæs.*).