

Capsula cylindrica fere linearia; seminibus majoribus demum angulatis, testa crassa opaca reticulata; pedunculis fructiferis brevissimis rigidos vel nullis.

**Texas to Arizona.**—**North Mexico**, along the border to Sonora. Hb. Kew.

+++ Folia caulina pleraque secus caulem alato-decurrentia; sepala sursum parum dilatata; semina subglobosa, testa crassiuscula favosa. Herbe annue vel subperennantes.

† Procumbentes, latifolii, pedunculis brevibus vel brevissimis.


**Texas; Florida.**—**Mexico**, Tepic (Barclay), Vera Cruz to Orizaba (Müller, 292; Bourgeau, 2566); **Guatemala** (Bernoulli; Türckheim).—And widely dispersed in the **West Indies**. Hb. Hew.

+++ Assurgentes, diffuse, pedunculis filiformibus folia sæpius excedentibus hinc inde furcatis.


Gracile, villoso-hirsutum; foliis oblongo-spathulatis inferne sensim attenuatis, venis inconspicuis adscendentibus; corolla quam calyx paullo longiore.

**North Mexico** (Berlandier, 780, 2126, and 2200, not “200”), region of San Luis Potosi, 6000 to 8000 feet (Parry & Palmer, 702 ½); **South Mexico**, valley of Mexico (Bourgeau, 607)? Hb. Kew.

17. **Nama subpetiolare**, A. Gr., n. sp.

Pube prorsus molli villosum; foliis obovatis ovatisque subito quasi in petiolum alatum sat longum contractis, secus caulem sepe breviter decurrentibus, venis subtus prominulis patentibus; corolla (lineas 5 longa) quam calyx duplo longiore.


5. **HYDROLEA**.


Herbs or undershrubs. About fifteen species, widely dispersed in America, Tropical Africa, India, the Malayan Archipelago, and Tropical Australia.

1. **Hydrolea glabra**, Choisy in DC. Prodr. x. p. 181?

**South Mexico**, Yucatan and Tabasco (Johnson, 52). Hb. Kew.

The type is recorded from “New Spain,” which sometimes means one thing, sometimes another.


**South Mexico**, Sierra San Pedro Nolasco, &c. Jurgensen, 608); **Nicaragua**, Chontales