

This is, perhaps, the best-known and commonest of all the Central-American species of *Eunica*, being found from Southern Mexico, where the types were procured, to Panama and the adjoining portion of Colombia. It is an inhabitant of the low-lying country, ranging from the sea-level to an altitude of perhaps 3000 feet. We have not yet seen it from Costa Rica.

4. *Eunica flora*.

Eunica flora, Feld. Wien. ent. Monatschr. vi. p. 111¹.

E. alcmena similis, sed fascia cærulea anticarum haud interrupta, ad angulum apicalem magis extensa, marginem externum totum fere attingente, fascia posticarum plerumque latiore; subtus alis omnino brunnescentioribus sed maculis fere similiter positis.

Hab. PANAMA, Chiriqui (*Ribbe*).—N. BRAZIL¹, Rio Negro (*Felder*); ECUADOR; PERU; BOLIVIA.

A single specimen in our possession obtained by Herr Ribbe in Chiriqui agrees in all essential particulars with our series of examples from Ecuador, Peru, and Bolivia, which we attribute to *E. flora* of Felder. The bands of blue, however, on both wings are rather narrow; but finding variation in this character, we are unwilling to lay too much stress upon it. Dr. Felder's specimen came from the upper Rio Negro; and the species seems to spread over the whole eastern slopes of the Andes and the Amazons valley as far east as Pebas. It is unknown from Colombia and Venezuela.

5. *Eunica pomona*. (Tab. XXIII. figg. 8, 9.)

Faunula pomona, Feld. Reise d. Nov. Lep. p. 407, t. 52. f. 11, 12¹.

E. alcmena quoque similis, sed colore alarum cyaneo magis purpurascente; colore quoque subtus magis brunnescente differt.

Hab. PANAMA, Bugaba (*Arcé, Champion*).—COLOMBIA¹.

Some time ago we received a single specimen of this Colombian species from Chiriqui, but recently others have reached us from Mr. Champion. They all agree with Felder's figure, and with specimens from Colombia, the typical locality. The species is allied to *E. alcmena*.

6. *Eunica amata*. (Tab. XXIV. figg. 1, 2.)

Eunica amata, Druce, Cist. Ent. i. p. 285¹.

E. alcmena affinis, sed colore cyaneo alarum multo magis purpureo et obscuro, subtus quoque maculis, præsertim ocellis multo minoribus differt.

Hab. COSTA RICA (*Van Patten*¹).

The two original specimens, which were in Dr. Van Patten's collection, and formed the subject of Mr. Druce's description, are all that we have seen of this species. It may at once be distinguished from all its congeners by the rich purple tint of the blue of the upper surface of the wings.