

We are indebted to M. Charles Oberthür for the opportunity of examining Boisduval's type of this species, which we find to be identical with the insect we named *A. falcata* in 1878<sup>2</sup>.

On the upperside *A. felderri* has a general resemblance to *A. iphicla*; but the primaries are more falcate, and there is no fulvous spot at the anal angle of the secondaries. On the underside the present species has peculiarities of its own, as will be seen on reference to our figure.

With the exception of a single specimen from Mexico, all our series are from Guatemala, where it is by no means an uncommon insect. Boisduval's type is marked from Costa Rica, but we have ourselves no evidence of its occurrence in that country.

*d"*. Three black-margined white spots in a triangle at the end of the cell of the primaries beneath.

### 25. *Adelpha celerio*.

*Heterochroa celerio*, Bates, Ent. Monthl. Mag. i. p. 127<sup>1</sup>; Journ. Ent. ii. p. 330, t. 13\*. f. 4<sup>2</sup>.  
*Papilio iphicla*, Cr. Pap. Ex. t. 188. f. E, F (nec Linn.)<sup>3</sup>.

Alis fusco-brunneis ad basin et marginibus indistincte lineolatis, anticis plaga subapicali fulva, fascia communi lata a vena mediana ad angulum posticarum analem alba viridescente vix tincta; subtus ferrugineis, plaga et fascia ut supra; antifarum cellula, stria basali, maculis tribus triangulum formantibus ad finem et altera infra eam albis nigro marginatis; posticis fascia transversa ad basin nigro limbata, alis ambabus margine externo maculis lunulatis serie dupli positis albidis ornatis.

*Hab.* MEXICO, Oaxaca (*Fenochio*), Cordova (*Rümeli*); GUATEMALA<sup>1</sup>, Polochic valley, Chuacus, Choctum (*Hague*), Panima, Chiacam (*Champion*), San Gerónimo, central valleys, Pacific slopes (*F. D. G. & O. S.*); NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Belt, Janson*); COSTA RICA (*Van Patten*), Irazu (*Rogers*); PANAMA, David, Volcan de Chiriqui, Bugaba (*Champion*), Lion Hill (*M'Leannan*).—COLOMBIA; AMAZONS VALLEY<sup>1</sup>; N. BRAZIL.

This is one of the commonest species of *Adelpha* in Central America, being found throughout the region from Southern Mexico to Panama; thence it passes into South America, and is, according to Mr. Bates, found sparingly throughout the Amazon region<sup>2</sup>. It inhabits the low country up to an elevation of 3000 feet.

### 26. *Adelpha serpa*.

*Heterochroa serpa*, Boisd. Sp. Gén. i. t. 8. f. 4<sup>1</sup>.

*A. celerioni* similis, sed fascia communi angustiore et viridescenti haud tincta; subtus alis omnino flavicantiboris, lunulis posticarum submarginalibus latioribus serie dupli lineola angustissima divisa.

*Hab.* GUATEMALA.—BRAZIL<sup>1</sup>.

The authority for including this Brazilian species in our fauna rests upon a single specimen formerly in Mr. Bates's collection, labelled as coming from Guatemala. This example is a female, and differs in no way from many others in our collection.