

*A. titan* is one of Lindig's discoveries in Colombia, and was described by Dr. Felder<sup>1</sup> in 'Voyage of the Novara.'

Mr. Druce remarks that the Costa-Rican example is darker and larger than others from Colombia; but on these points we see no difference when the specimen is compared with a typical one received from Dr. Felder himself.

*A. aidea* group.

3. *Anæa aidea*.

*Nymphalis* (*Thymetes*?) *aidea*, Guér. Icon. Règne An. texte, p. 478<sup>1</sup>.

*Paphia aidea*, Druce, P. Z. S. 1877, p. 633<sup>2</sup>.

Alis testaceis fusco marginatis, anticarum cellulæ fine et linea angusta sinuosa a costa margini externo subparallela in posticarum apicem extensa fuscis; subtus sordide cineriis fusco irroratis, anticis ad marginem internum ferrugineis.

♀ mari similis, sed major notatione alarum fusca latiore multo magis distincta.

*Hab.* MEXICO, Milpas in Durango (*Forrer*), Cordova (*Rümeli*), Oaxaca (*Fenochio*), Campeachy (*Perbosc*<sup>1</sup>), Valladolid in Yucatan (*Gaumer*); GUATEMALA, Chisoy valley (*Hague*), Central valleys and Polochic valley (*F. D. G. & O. S.*), San Gerónimo and Telemán (*Champion*); NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Belt*).

This species was described by Guérin from a specimen taken on board ship in the Bay of Campeachy<sup>1</sup>.

It has some close allies in the West-Indian Islands, and in Texas a species (*A. ops*, Druce) occurs which probably spreads across the Rio Grande into our borders; but we have no evidence that this is the case.

In Mexico and Guatemala *A. aidea* is a common species, but we have not traced it southwards beyond Nicaragua.

*A. chrysophana* group.

4. *Anæa chrysophana*.

*Paphia chrysophana*, Bates, Ent. Monthl. Mag. iii. p. 152<sup>1</sup>; Druce, P. Z. S. 1877, p. 634<sup>2</sup>.

*Nymphalis pyrrhothea*, Feld. Reise d. Nov. Lep. p. 447, t. 60. f. 3<sup>3</sup>.

*Paphia helie*, Butl. & Druce, P. Z. S. 1874, p. 341<sup>4</sup>.

Alis intus saturate fulvis, extus fuscis et omnino purpureo læte suffusis; anticis acutis, posticis caudatis macula ad apicem anticarum elliptica fulva; subtus sordide ferrugineis undique fusco irroratis, posticis punctis nigris (intus cæruleo-albidis) apicem versus ornatis.

♀ fulvalis, anticis triente apicali nigra plaga magna discali, altera subapicali ochraceis; subtus sordide ochraceis, undique fusco maculatis et irroratis.

*Hab.* COSTA RICA (*Van Patten*<sup>4</sup>); PANAMA, Veraguas (*Arcé*<sup>1 2</sup>), Line of Railway (*M<sup>c</sup>Leannan*<sup>1 2</sup>).—COLOMBIA<sup>2 3</sup>; PERU<sup>2</sup>.

Mr. Bates described this species from specimens sent to us from the State of Panama<sup>1</sup>, and soon afterwards it was described and figured by Felder<sup>3</sup>. The insect called *P. helie* by Messrs. Butler and Druce<sup>4</sup> also belongs here, as the specimens testify.