

similar, except that the harpagones are rather more pointed and the dependent lobes of the tegumen are serrate at the extremities.

All the species of this genus have the habit of resting on the under surface of leaves within a few feet of the ground.

a. Subcostal nervure of primaries with four branches.

1. **Eurygona aurantiaca.** (Tab. XXXIX. figg. 1, 2 ♂; XLIII. figg. 9, 10 ♀.)

Eurygona aurantiaca, Godm. & Salv. Ann. & Mag. N. H. ser. 4, ii. p. 149¹.

Alis fulvo-aurantiis, dimidio distali anticarum et angulo posticarum apicali fusco-nigris; subtus albidis fascia indistincta ultracellulari fusca, margine externo late fusco, seriem macularum submarginalium albam extus nigro punctatam includente.

♀ alis russatis, anticis apice et margine externo fusco-nigris, fascia lata ultracellulari flavo-aurantia; subtus brunnescentibus fascia communi fusca transvittatis, maculis submarginalibus fere obsoletis.

Hab. GUATEMALA, San Gerónimo (*Hague*¹, *Champion*); NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Belt*).

Mr. Hague obtained us the first specimens of this species at San Gerónimo, where Mr. Champion subsequently found it in some numbers, his series including females and paired sexes. It was found frequenting a flowering tree on the bank of a small stream amongst second-growth woods. *E. aurantiaca* has also been found in Nicaragua, but in no intermediate locality. In the State of Panama *E. gyda*, an allied form, seems to take its place.

2. **Eurygona gyda.** (*E. russata*, Tab. XXXIX. figg. 3, 4 ♀.)

Eurygona gyda, Hew. Ex. Butt., *Eurygona*, t. 8. f. 79¹.

Eurygona russata, Godm. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1878, p. 361².

Alis flavo-aurantiis, anticis costa, apice et margine externo fusco-nigris; subtus argenteis, lineis transversis valde indistinctis notatis, puncto nigro ad medium marginis externi aliisque minoribus ad angulum analem.

♀ alis fusco-nigris, anticis plaga magna discali flavo-aurantia, posticis area interna rufescente; subtus argenteo-fuscis, fascia indistincta communi fusca; posticis punctis triangularibus nigris submarginalibus albo limbatis.

Hab. PANAMA, Chiriqui (*Arcé*), Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).—ECUADOR¹.

Of this species we possess a pair from Chiriqui and a single male from Sarayacu in Ecuador. It differs in several points from *E. aurantiaca*, the black margin of the primaries being more restricted, there being no black spot at the apex of the secondaries; the colour of the wings is yellower above and more silvery beneath. The females differ still more widely.

The type of *E. gyda*, Hew., is said to have come from Brazil; but of the two specimens now in the Hewitson collection under this name, one is marked as coming from Ecuador and the other from Panama. They agree with our examples, but neither of them is the type, which has probably been given away in exchange or destroyed.