

8. **Mesene silaris.** (Tab. XLII. fig. 29.)

Mesene silaris, Godm. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1878, p. 363¹.

M. leucopo similis, cruribus anticis nigris facile distinguenda.

Hab. NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Belt*¹).

Our specimens of this species are from Belt's collection in Nicaragua, from whence alone we have received it. Its black front legs easily distinguish it from its near ally *M. leucopus*.

9. **Mesene barce.**

Baotis barce, Hew. Ex. Butt., Lemonias and Bæotis, f. 7¹.

Alis rufescenti-brunneis, anticis macula parva ad cellulæ finem, altera ad medium marginis interni, aurantiacis, posticis fascia transversa ejusdem coloris bipartitis; subtus ut supra. Exp. al. 0·9 in.

Hab. MEXICO (*G. Mathew*¹).

The only specimen we have seen of this distinct species is that in the Hewitson collection in the British Museum. This was obtained by Mr. Gervase Mathew of the Royal Navy, who took it in Mexico, probably near to some port on the west coast.

The palpi being short, and not projecting beyond the forehead, indicate that this species should be placed in *Mesene* and not in *Baotis*. Its nearest ally is perhaps *Mesene monogramma* (Bates), synonyms of which are *Baotis quadrinota*, Butl. Cist. Ent. ii. p. 32, and *B. barzanes*, Hew. Ex. Butt., Erycinidæ, f. 2.

b'. Anal angle of secondaries produced.

10. **Mesene hedemanni.**

Mesene hedemanni, R. Feld. Verh. k. k. zool.-bot. Ges. Wien, 1869, p. 468¹.

Mesene niciades, Boisd. Lép. Guat. p. 22².

Alis nigro-fuscis, anticis fascia interna et plaga elongata obliqua ultra cellulam flavidis; posticis fascia basali alteraque submarginali ejusdem coloris; subtus ut supra fasciis pallidioribus; abdomine fusco ad basin flavido cincto.

♀ mari similis sed fasciis pallidioribus.

Hab. MEXICO, Paso del Macho near Cordova (*Hedemann*¹); GUATEMALA², Chiacam, Panima, Cahabon (*Champion*), Polochic valley (*Hague*); NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Belt*); COSTA RICA, Cache (*Rogers*); PANAMA, Bugaba, Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*), Chiriqui (*Ribbe*).—COLOMBIA.

A species allied to *M. tricolor* (*Symmachia tricolor*, Hew.), with which it has often been confounded. *M. tricolor* on the upper side has the transverse outer spots much more rufescent; beneath the primaries have a discal streak parallel to the costa, and the secondaries have a yellowish patch near the middle of the inner margin, neither of which marks are found in *M. hedemanni*.

This is a common species in the State of Panama and also in Nicaragua; but in Guate-