

Papilio pandion (II. p. 230).

To the localities given, add :—HONDURAS, San Pedro Sula (*Wittkugel*).

Papilio pharnaces (II. p. 231).

To the localities given, add :—MEXICO, Guanajuato (*Dugès*).

Papilio polyxenes (II. p. 242).

To the localities given, add :—MEXICO, Durango city (*Becker*); NICARAGUA, Matagalpa (*Richardson*).

BARONIA (to follow the genus *Papilio*, II. p. 243).

Baronia, Salvin, Trans. Ent. Soc. 1893, p. 331.

Allied to *Papilio*, and with the arrangement of the median nervure and its branches with relation to the lower discocellular of the primaries similar; the subcostal, however, has only two branches instead of four, the first arising at a distance from the end of the cell about equal to its width, and the second the same distance beyond; the usual third branch from the end of the cell is wanting, as well as either the first or second before the end of the cell; the upper discocellular is short and the middle discocellular about twice as long as the lower. Antennæ very short, less than the first median segment of the primaries, with a comparatively long thick club. Palpi very short, hardly perceptible amongst the long hairs on either side of the haustellum. Frontal scales long and hair-like, but drawn downwards between the eyes and not erect as in *Papilio*. Legs with short spiny joints; a distinct epiphysis on the anterior tarsi.

1. **Baronia brevicornis**. (Tab. CXI. figg. 15, 16, ♂; 17, 18, ♀.)

Baronia brevicornis, Salv. Trans. Ent. Soc. 1893, p. 331¹.

Alis fuscis, anticis maculis in seriebus tribus arcuatis ochraceis; posticis litura fere totam cellulam occupante et costam versus extendente, maculis tribus infra venam medianam triangulum formante, aliisque sex parvis in serie submarginali, omnibus ochraceis: subtus pallidioribus, anticis maculis ut supra, una quoque apicali, aliisque parvis marginalibus, iis tantum apicem versus argenteis; posticis maculis omnibus argenteis, iis in serie submarginali elongatis et ad apicem extendentibus, una parva ultra cellulam et linea interrupta marginali angulum analem versus notatis; ciliis inter venas albidis.

♀ mari similis, sed major et maculis ochraceis majoribus, aliis margines externos versus coloris ejusdem et in posticis plus minusve confluentibus.

Hab. MEXICO, Sierra Madre del Sur, near Chilpancingo, 4500 feet (*Baron*¹).

We are indebted to Mr. Baron for a pair of this interesting species, which, with a few others, were captured by himself in Western Mexico, in the months of June and July, a few years ago. The shortness of the antennæ and the peculiar neuration of the wings at once show that it cannot be referred to any known genus of Papilionidæ.