

3. *Ecpantheria trebula*, sp. n. (Tab. X. fig. 3.)

Primaries creamy white, crossed from the costal to the inner margin by four bands of irregular greenish-brown spots, the first close to the base, the second very small, almost dots, the third about the middle much wider, the fourth nearer the outer margin much broken, widest at the apex and anal angle; secondaries pale yellow, darkest on the inner margin, with a black spot at the anal angle, which is much elongated: head and thorax white, spotted with black; abdomen yellow, with a central row of black spots extending from the base to the anus; antennæ black. Expanse $1\frac{1}{4}$ inch.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Las Mercedes (*Champion*).

This may be the species described by Mr. H. Edwards; but the plate having been drawn, and the description not agreeing well with my specimens, I have ventured to name it.

4. *Ecpantheria decora*. (Tab. X. fig. 6.)

Ecpantheria decora, Walk. Cat. iii. p. 693¹; Clemens, Proc. Acad. Phil. xii. p. 525.

Ecpantheria haitensis, Oberthür, Etudes d'Entomologie, vi. p. 109, t. 15. f. 5, 7.

Hab. MEXICO, Jalapa (*Höge*).—SANTO DOMINGO¹.

The Mexican example agrees well with Walker's type in the British Museum. I have not the slightest doubt that the Haitian insect named by M. Oberthür is the same species.

5. *Ecpantheria leucarctioides*.

Ecpantheria leucarctioides, Grote & Robinson.

Ecpantheria tenella, H. Edwards, Papilio, iv. p. 15. 41.

Hab. MEXICO, State of Vera Cruz (*Schaus*).

6. *Ecpantheria extrema*.

Ecpantheria extrema, Walk. Cat. iii. p. 691¹; Clemens, Proc. Acad. Phil. xii. p. 524.

Ecpantheria chilensis, Oberthür, Etudes d'Entomologie, vi. p. 111, t. 20. f. 5².

Hab. MEXICO (*Becker, mus. B.*)¹, Oaxaca (*ex coll. Sommer in mus. Staudinger*); COSTA RICA, Irazu 6000 to 7000 feet, Rio Sucio, San Francisco 4500 feet (*Rogers*).—CHILI?².

I feel certain that the locality given by M. Oberthür is not correct. I have never seen a specimen of this species from any locality south of Costa Rica; the genus, being a tropical one, so far as I am at present aware, does not occur in Chili.

7. *Ecpantheria cotyora*, sp. n. (Tab. X. figg. 4 ♂, 5 ♀.)

Male. Primaries creamy white, thickly covered with greenish-black bands and spots, better defined by the figure than by description; secondaries whitish hyaline, with the inner margin clothed with yellow hairs: head and front of the thorax creamy white; thorax and abdomen black, shot with blue in some lights, a wide orange-coloured band on each side of the abdomen, the underside of which is white with a central black band, bordered on either side with a row of small black dots; antennæ and palpi blue-black.

Female. The primaries are the same as in the male, but much larger and with all the dark markings broader; secondaries brownish black, the outer margin rather widely bordered with cream-colour, in some specimens