

margins, apex, and basal spot black. Corium ochraceous, punctured with brown, the lateral margins impunctate, with an elongate spot near centre and at apex dark castaneous. Membrane fuscous, the veins at base ochraceous. Body beneath dark castaneous; the legs ochraceous, femora and tarsi more or less castaneous; antennæ ochraceous, the fourth and apical half of the third joint blackish. Antennæ with the second and third joints subequal in length.

Long. 4 millim.

*Hab.* GUATEMALA, Totonicapam (*Champion*); PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui 4000 feet (*Champion*).

Allied to *E. tropicus*, Dist., but differing by the larger size, less globose anterior lobe of the pronotum, different colour of the antennæ, &c.

Two examples.

### BALBOA, gen. nov. (To follow the genus *Eremocoris*, p. 219.)

General characters of *Lethæus*, Dall., but differing from that genus by having the second joint of the antennæ not longest, but only subequal in length to the fourth; the rostrum has the basal joint as long as the head and not shorter than the second and third joints. Anterior femora spined beneath. Membrane with the second, third, and fourth nervures neither united nor forming basal cells. By the last character *Balboa* is allied to *Cistalia*, Stål, but differs by having the basal joint of the antennæ somewhat thickened as in *Lethæus*, as well as by the other characters enumerated above.

#### 1. *Balboa variabilis*, n. sp. (Tab. XXXV. fig. 25.)

Ochraceous, somewhat thickly and coarsely punctured with brown; apex of third and apical half of fourth joint of antennæ, head, anterior lobe of pronotum, a spot on each side of the clavus near apex, two spots on inner margin of corium, and two spots on its lateral margin—one near centre and the other at apex,—head beneath, and sternum black. The lateral margins of the corium are impunctate, the membrane much clouded with fuscous; the legs are ochraceous, with the apices of the femora more or less annulated with castaneous.

Var. *a.* Darker in hue and the posterior lobe of the pronotum with three longitudinal black fasciæ.

Long.  $5\frac{1}{2}$ – $7\frac{1}{2}$  millim.

*Hab.* MEXICO, Orizaba in Vera Cruz (*H. H. Smith & F. D. G.*), Omilteme in Guerrero (*H. H. Smith*); GUATEMALA, Quezaltenango, Quiché Mts., Cerro Zunil, Volcan de Atitlan, Chiacam, San Gerónimo, Coban (*Champion*); PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui 2000 to 6000 feet (*Champion*).

Of this very variable species, both in size and colour, we have received a long series; it appears to be scarce in Mexico and very plentiful in Guatemala. In some of the typical forms the anterior lobe of the pronotum is castaneous rather than black.

### GONATAS (p. 219).

#### *Gonatas typicus* (p. 219).

To the localities given, add:—MEXICO, Omilteme in Guerrero (*H. H. Smith*); GUATEMALA, Paraiso (*Champion*); PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui 2500 to 4000 feet, Tolé (*Champion*).