

Group **ACANTHODITES.**

Acanthodes, Brunner v. W. Monogr. der Pseudophyll. p. 102.

[XEROPTERYX, Redt. *

Xeropteryx, Redtenbacher, in Brunner v. Wattenwyl's Monogr. der Pseudophyll. p. 102, t. 5. fig. 45 (1895).

1. **Xeropteryx fumosa**, Brunn.

Xeropteryx fumosa, Brunn. v. W. Monogr. der Pseudophyll. p. 102.

Hab. SOUTH AMERICA.—ANTILLES, Guadeloupe.]

CHAMPIONICA, gen. nov. †

Caput subglobosum, anterius planatum; rostro verticis latiuscule rotundato, trigonali-excavato, scrobiculis antennarum brevioribus. Antennarum articulus primus apice dentatus. Pronotum a latere excavatum valde sellæforme. Pro- et mesozona supra fornicatæ. Margo anterior tuberculatus, in medio dente valido armatus; mesozona bituberculata; metazona valde ascendens, supra concava, margine postico arcuato, denticulato, antice utrinque spinoso. Lobi laterales quadrati, margine infero incrassato, verruculoso. Elytra longa, valde angusta, submembranacea, subparallela; margine antico ultra medium attenuato; vena mediastina brevi, subrecta, venis disci longitudinalibus. Alæ subamplæ, fusco-maculosæ. Foramina metasterni invicem quam a marginibus lateralibus vix æqualiter remoti. Pedes antici graciles. Femora antica quam pronotum fere duplo longiora, superne obsolete deplanata, haud marginata, subtus spinosa; intermedia compressa, subtus longiuscule spinosa; postica gracilia, sed ante medium sat incrassata, subtus tota longitudine spinosa. Lobi geniculares omnes valde spinosi. Tibiæ anticæ supra muticæ, foraminibus lineari-apertis; tibiæ intermediæ basi vix dilatatæ, superne fortiter biserialiter spinosæ; tibiæ posticæ utrinque æqualiter spinosæ.

♂. Elytrorum tympana bina speculo elliptico vitreo instructa. Cerci crassi, apice arcuati, mucronati. Lamina infra-genitalis elongata, apice parum attenuata, profunde sagittatim incisa, in ramos 2 teretes divisa. Styli longissimi.

This genus should be placed between *Xeropteryx*, Redt., and *Tetragonomera*, Stål. It is distinguished from *Xeropteryx* by the form of its pronotum, the very narrow opaque elytra, &c. From *Tetragonomera* it differs in having the pronotum spinose, with its posterior margin tuberculated in the middle and its anterior margin dentated; the elytra longer, not much attenuated at the tip, and more membranaceous; the anterior femora spinose beneath and not margined above; the intermediate tibiæ with a double row of spines above, &c.

1. **Championica montana**, sp. n. (Tab. XX. fig. 1.)

Fulvo-virescens vel pallide viridis. Frons albido-liliacea. Labrum margine infero fusco. Verticis rostrum latiusculum, foveolatum, basi bituberculatum. Pronotum supra opacum, ferruginescens, utrinque granulis paucis. Margo anterior verruculis paucis crenatus, in medio spina valida antrorsum vergente armatus et utrinque dentem ab illa remotum præbens. Mesozona subgranulata, arcuatim impressa, utrinque tuber-

* This name has long been preoccupied in Insecta (Butler, 1883).

† Dedicated to Mr. G. C. Champion, who has collected a large amount of material for this work.