14. PAVONIA CRASSA. (Dana.)

P. maxima, foliis 6-9" latis, crassimis, planulatis vel paulum undulatis aut curvatis, paucilobatis, erectis, decussatim aggregatis et coalitis; margine sæpius acutis. Corallum robustum, margine non fragile, superficie non carinatum; lamellis confertis; oririmis vix oblongis, interdum subseriatis.

Very large, folia 6 to 9 inches broad, very stout, nearly flat or somewhat undulate or curved, few-lobed, erect and decussately aggregated, margin usually acute. Corallum firm, margin not fragile, surface not carinate; lamellæ crowded; oririmes scarcely oblong, sometimes subseriate.

Plate 23, fig. 2, corallum, natural size; 2 a, surface of same, magnified; also, Plate 24, 1, 1 a, another variety.

Feejee Islands, and Singapore. Exp. Exp.

This species is remarkable for its thick and stout plates, the close lamellæ, and small size of the stars. There are several varieties deserving mention.

a. ascia (Plate 23, fig. 2). Folia six inches broad, the same in height, scarcely lobed, a little curved, one inch thick at bottom, and the same to within three inches of the top, subacute above, a few obsolete carinæ.—Feejees.

β. obtusa (Plate 24, fig. 1). Folia of the same size as in the last, but much curved, and with an obtuse undulate margin, one-fourth of an inch thick; at bottom, three-fourths of an inch.—Feejees.

γ. loculata. Folia nine inches broad, eight high, nearly an inch through at base, and half an inch, two inches from the upper margin; the plates intersect vertically, leaving between, large subquadrangular spaces, often two to three inches wide.—Singapore.

III. Pavoniæ glomeratæ.

15. PAVONIA SIDEREA. (Ellis & Solander.) Dana.

Subglobosa. Corallum oririmis 3-4" remotis, interstitiis vix elevatis; lamellis denticulatis.