

HEMPTOLOGY.

PLATE XX.

- Fig. 1, represents *Larrea coccinea*, size of life—p. 120.
 Fig. 2, is a side view of the head.
 Fig. 3, an upper view; and,
 Fig. 4, an under view of the same region.
 Fig. 5, represents the dorsal scales.
 Fig. 6, the vent and adjoining scutellae.
 Figs. 7-9, are magnified about half their diameter.
 Fig. 7, represents *Crotalus venustus*, size of life—p. 126.
 Fig. 8, is a profile of the head.
 Fig. 9, an upper view; and,
 Fig. 10, an under view of the same region.
 Fig. 11, represents *Batrachoseps insularis*, size of life—p. 143.
 Fig. 12, is a profile of the head.
 Fig. 13, an upper view; and,
 Fig. 14, an under view of the same region.
 Fig. 15, represents the outline of the scales.
 Fig. 16, the vent and adjoining scutellae.
 Figs. 17-19, are magnified about half their diameter.

PLATE XXI.

- Fig. 1, represents *Callisaurus draconoides*, size of life—p. 139.
 Fig. 2, is a profile view of the head.
 Fig. 3, an upper view; and,
 Fig. 4, an under view of the same region.
 Fig. 5, a group of dorsal scales.
 Fig. 6, the vent and surrounding scutellae.
 Fig. 7, represents *Dipsosaurus dorsalis*, size of life—p. 121.
 Fig. 8, is a profile of the head.
 Fig. 9, an upper view; and,
 Fig. 10, an under view of the same region.
 Fig. 11, the dorsal scales.

PLATE XXII.

- Fig. 1, represents *Tropidurus torquatus*, size of life—p. 147.
 Fig. 2, is a side view of the head.
 Fig. 3, an upper view; and,
 Fig. 4, an under view of the same region.
 Fig. 5, represents the dorsal scales.
 Fig. 6, the vent and surrounding scutellae.
 Fig. 7, represents *Batrachoseps insularis*, size of life—p. 143.
 Fig. 8, is a profile of the head.
 Fig. 9, an upper view;
 Fig. 10, an under view; and,

- Fig. 11, a front view of the same region.
 Fig. 12, shows the dorsal scales.
 Fig. 13, the vent, and surrounding scutellae.
 Fig. 14, represents *Eurycea rufescens*, size of life—p. 150.
 Fig. 15, is a profile of the head.
 Fig. 16, an upper view;
 Fig. 17, an under view; and,
 Fig. 18, a front view of the same region.
 Fig. 19, exhibits the dorsal scales.
 Fig. 20, is the vent, with its surrounding scutellae.

PLATE XXIV.

- Fig. 1, represents *Batrachoseps insularis*, size of life—p. 143.
 Fig. 2, is a profile of the head.
 Fig. 3, an upper view; and,
 Fig. 4, an under view of the same region.
 Fig. 5, represents *Batrachoseps insularis*, size of life—p. 143.
 Fig. 6, is a profile of the head.
 Fig. 7, an upper view; and,
 Fig. 8, a view from beneath, of the same region.
 Fig. 9, exhibits the dorsal scales.
 Fig. 10, the vent and adjoining scutellae.
 Figs. 1-10, are magnified about one-half their diameter.
 Fig. 11, represents *Koniaspis maculata*, size of life—p. 149.
 Fig. 12, is a profile of the head.
 Fig. 13, an upper view; and,
 Fig. 14, an under view of the same region.
 Fig. 15, exhibits the dorsal scales.
 Fig. 16, the vent and surrounding scutellae.
 Figs. 17-18, are magnified about one diameter.

PLATE XXV.

- Fig. 1, represents *Crotalus coccineus*, size of life—p. 137.
 Fig. 2, is a side view of the head.
 Fig. 3, an upper view;
 Fig. 4, an under view; and,
 Fig. 5, a front view of the same region.
 Fig. 6, exhibiting the dorsal scales.
 Figs. 7-9, *Batrachoseps insularis*—p. 143.
 Fig. 7, is a profile of the head.
 Fig. 8, an upper view of the same; and,
 Fig. 9, an under view, exhibiting the outline and slope of the mouth.
 Figs. 1-5, are magnified about four times, so as to show more distinctly the various plates.