

SAURIA.

PLATE XVI.

- Fig. 1, represents *GEHYRA VORAX*, size of life.—p. 274.
 Fig. 2, is an upper view of the head.
 Fig. 3, an inferior view of the same region.
 Fig. 4, the left leg.
 Fig. 5, profile of a clawed toe;
 Fig. 6, upper view of the same.
 Fig. 7, granulation of the back, somewhat magnified.
 Fig. 8, abdominal scales, also slightly magnified.
 Fig. 9, represents *GEKKO INDOCUS*, size of life.—p. 290.
 Fig. 10, is an upper view of the head;
 Fig. 11, an under view of the same.
 Fig. 12, the vent, in order to show the preanal pores.
 Fig. 13, upper surface of the second toe;
 Fig. 14, under surface of the same.
 Fig. 15, a group of dorsal scales.
 Fig. 16, a group of abdominal scales.
 Figs. 13-16, are somewhat magnified.
 Fig. 17, represents *NAELTINUS PUNCTATUS*, size of life.—p. 309.
 Fig. 18, is an upper view of the head;
 Fig. 19, an under view of the same.
 Fig. 20, a finger, seen from above;
 Fig. 21, the same, seen from beneath.
 Fig. 22, a toe, seen from above;
 Fig. 23, the same, seen from beneath.
 Fig. 24, the caudal group of conical scales.
 Fig. 25, a group of dorsal granules.
 Fig. 26, a group of abdominal scales.
 Figs. 18-26, are somewhat magnified.

PLATE XVII.

- Fig. 1, represents *PROCTOTRETUS SPLENDIDUS*, size of life.—p. 329.
 Fig. 2, exhibits the inferior surface of the same animal.
 Fig. 3, the upper surface of the head;
 Fig. 4, a front view of the same.
 Fig. 5, the left hand, from above.
 Fig. 6, a group of dorsal scales;
 Fig. 7, a group of abdominal scales.
 Figs. 3-7, are somewhat magnified.
 Fig. 8, represents *EULAENUS DARWINI*, size of life.—p. 361.
 Fig. 9, exhibits the same specimen, from beneath.
 Fig. 10, is the head, seen from above;
 Fig. 11, a front view of the same.
 Fig. 12, left hand, seen from above.
 Fig. 13, a group of dorsal scales;
 Fig. 14, a group of abdominal scales.
 Figs. 10-14, are somewhat magnified.
 Fig. 15, represents *ORTHOLAENUS BEAGLI*, size of life.—p. 369.
 Fig. 16, is an inferior view of the same animal.
 Fig. 17, an upper view of the head;
 Fig. 18, a front view of the same.
 Fig. 19, the left hand, from above.
 Fig. 20, a group of dorsal scales;
 Fig. 21, a group of abdominal scales.

- Figs. 17-21, are somewhat magnified.
 Fig. 22, represents *PTYCHOIDEIRA GRACILIS*, size of life.—p. 341.
 Fig. 23, exhibits the same specimen, from beneath.
 Fig. 24, is an upper view of the head;
 Fig. 25, a front view of the same.
 Fig. 26, the left hand, seen from above.
 Fig. 27, a group of dorsal scales;
 Fig. 28, a group of abdominal scales.
 Figs. 24-28, are somewhat magnified.

PLATE XVIII.

- Fig. 1, represents *TEIUS TEGUIXIN*, two-thirds the size of life.—p. 202.
 Fig. 2, the head, viewed from above.
 Fig. 3, the same, seen from beneath.
 Fig. 4, a side view of a finger.
 Fig. 5, a side view of a toe.
 Fig. 6, a group of dorsal scales;
 Fig. 7, a group of abdominal scales.
 Fig. 8, represents, size of life, the banded variety of *BRACHYLOPUS FASCIATUS*, from a specimen caught on the Feejee Islands, in May, 1840.—p. 374.
 Fig. 9, exhibits the outline of a few teeth, somewhat magnified, in order to show their peculiar form.
 Fig. 10, represents *HOPLODACTYLUS TOMARII*, size of life.—p. 294.
 Fig. 11, is the upper surface of the head.
 Fig. 12, an inferior view of the same region.
 Fig. 13, a toe, seen from above;
 Fig. 14, the same, seen from beneath.
 Fig. 15, a group of dorsal granules.
 Fig. 16, a group of abdominal scales.
 Figs. 13-16, are somewhat magnified.

PLATE XIX.

- Fig. 1, represents *SCELOPORUS FRONTALIS*, size of life.—p. 384.
 Fig. 2, is an under view of the same individual.
 Fig. 3, the head, seen from above;
 Fig. 4, a front view of the same.
 Fig. 5, the left hand, viewed from above.
 Fig. 6, a group of dorsal scales;
 Fig. 7, a group of abdominal scales.
 Figs. 3-7, are somewhat magnified.
 Fig. 8, represents *SCELOPORUS OCCIDENTALIS*, size of life.—p. 383.
 Fig. 9, is an under view of the same individual.
 Fig. 10, the head, viewed from above;
 Fig. 11, a front view of the same.
 Fig. 12, the right hand, seen from above.
 Fig. 13, a group of dorsal scales;
 Fig. 14, a group of abdominal scales.
 Figs. 10-14, being somewhat magnified.
 Fig. 15, represents *SCELOPORUS UNULATUS*, size of life.—p. 379.
 Fig. 16, is an under view of the same individual.