

Vol. IV. part 4. By G. C. Champion. *Curculionidæ* (part). The whole of this volume is devoted to the Subfamily Curculioninæ, which are so numerous in the forest regions of Tropical America as to deter most coleopterists from venturing to describe them. Twenty-two groups are enumerated, the Sitonina to the Cryptorrhynchina inclusive, numbering in all 1365 species, 1146 of which are treated as new. Some of the genera include a very large number of species: *Conotrachelus* (nearly 200), *Anthonomus* (over 100), *Hilipus*, *Otidocephalus*, *Cryptorrhynchus*, *Eubulus*, &c., so that it seems an almost hopeless task to prepare a complete list of these insects. Dr. Sharp and Mr. Champion have been the first to describe the whole of the Curculionidæ of a tropical country, and, though the genera of the Cryptorrhynchina still remain in inextricable confusion, the present contribution will doubtless be of considerable assistance to future workers. Some of the Groups, Anthonina, Cholina, &c., are purely Neotropical; others, Pissodina, Sitonina, Hyperina, Balaninina, Cleonina (*Lixus* excepted), belong to more temperate regions, but extend southward to within our limits.

The thirty-five plates include figures of nearly 1000 species.

Vol. IV. part 5. By G. C. Champion. *Curculionidæ* (continued). This Volume deals with four more Groups of the Subfamily Curculioninæ—the Zygopina, Tachygona, Ceuthorrhynchina, and Barina, the vast complex mass known as Barina being represented by eleven Sections, all but three of which are purely tropical. The Zygopina also are almost entirely tropical, a few forms only occurring north of the Mexican frontier and they are wholly wanting in the European fauna. The Ceuthorrhynchina, on the other hand, are numerous in temperate regions and but poorly represented in the tropics. Of the 908 species enumerated for the four groups mentioned, 620 belong to Barina; 717 are described as new, with 81 new genera.

The remaining groups of the Curculioninæ—the Acamptina, Trypetina, and Cossonina—are described in vol. IV. part 7.

The twenty-three plates illustrate 720 species.

Vol. IV. part 6. *Brenthidæ* by D. Sharp; *Scolytidæ* by W. F. H. Blandford; *Anthribidæ* by K. Jordan. Three families of the Rhynchophora are enumerated in this volume: the Brenthidæ, published in 1895, by Dr. Sharp; the Scolytidæ, published in 1895–1905, by Mr. Blandford; and the Anthribidæ, published in 1906–1907, by Dr. Jordan. Part 6 was reserved for them in 1895, long before the Parts 4 and 5 were commenced. The general sequence of arrangement adopted in this work has therefore been interrupted by the interposition of these families in the present volume; the remainder of the Curculioninæ belonging to Part 5 were concluded in Part 7. The total number of species included in the three families is: Brenthidæ