

*Hab.* MEXICO, Mirador (*U.S. Nat. Mus.*); GUATEMALA, Dueñas, Ciudad Vieja (*Salvin, Mus. Brit.*<sup>3</sup> & *Mus. Berol.*); COSTA RICA (*Rogers, Mus. Brit.*).—COLOMBIA<sup>3</sup>; BRAZIL<sup>3</sup>.

Professor Peters observes that *rubiginosa* is not a very happy name for this Bat, which is very variable in colour, ranging through all shades from ferruginous to blackish-brown. Hitherto it has only been recorded from Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, and Guatemala; but a specimen from Mirador, in Mexico, is mentioned in the list of Bats in the National Museum at Washington to which I have already alluded (p. 18).

### 3. *Chilonycteris davyi*.

*Pteronotus davyi*, Gray, Mag. Zool. & Bot. ii. p. 500 (1838, descr. orig.)<sup>1</sup>; Zool. Voy. 'Sulphur,' p. 24<sup>2</sup>; Peters, Monatsb. Ak. Berl. 1872, p. 361<sup>3</sup>.

*Chilonycteris gymnonotus* (Natterer), Wagner, Arch. f. Naturg. ix. 1, p. 367 (1843, descr. orig.)<sup>4</sup>.

*Chilonycteris davyi*, Dobson, Cat. Chir. Brit. Mus. p. 453, pl. xxiii. fig. 4<sup>5</sup>.

*Hab.* MEXICO (*Mus. Berol.*; *Liebmann, Mus. Hafn.*).—VENEZUELA<sup>5</sup>; TRINIDAD<sup>1</sup>; BRAZIL<sup>4</sup>.

As already observed, Davy's Bat was generically separated by its original describer on account of the peculiarity of the attachment of the wing-membrane; but in all other characters it is hardly distinguishable from the last species. First named by Gray from a Trinidad example, it was independently described by Wagner, under Natterer's MS. name of *Chilonycteris gymnonotus*, from Brazilian specimens. According to Professor Peters it occurs as far north as Mexico, whence a specimen has been received by the Berlin Museum; and one collected by the late Professor Liebmman in the same country is preserved in the Copenhagen Museum.

### 2. MORMOPS.

*Mormops*, Leach, Trans. Linn. Soc. xiii. p. 76 (1822).

This genus is nearly allied to the last; but the cutaneous appendages of the face are exaggerated to an extraordinary extent, so that the aspect of the two known species is more wonderfully grotesque than that of any other known Bat, or is rivalled by that of *Centurio* alone. The inner edges of the rounded emarginate ears are connected by cutaneous bands with the top of the muzzle; there the bands meet and simulate a small nose-leaf, while the lips and throat are adorned with lappet-like appendages, which surround the free-edged warty chin-leaf and are continuous with the outer edges of the ears. The skull, also, is very peculiar in form, the frontal region rising almost at a right angle from the facial portion, so that the height of the cranium almost equals its length.

The *Mormops* which occurs in Central America was formerly confounded with the