

1. *Ischnoglossa nivalis*. (Tab. III. fig. 5.)

Ischnoglossa nivalis, De Saussure, Rev. et Mag. de Zool. 1860, p. 492, pl. xx. fig. 2 (descr. orig.)¹;
Peters, Monatsb. Ak. Berl. 1868, p. 363²; Dobson, Cat. Chir. Brit. Mus. p. 505³.

Hab. MEXICO, Volcan de Orizaba (*De Saussure*)¹; GUATEMALA, Dueñas, Ciudad Vieja (*Salvin, Mus. Brit.*)³.

Till recently the only known example of this curious Bat was M. de Saussure's type, which was captured on the Volcan de Orizaba close to the snow-line¹. Unfortunately the skin of this unique specimen was lost, and the skull only was available for examination by Professor Peters². Mr. Dobson, however, has been fortunate enough to find two perfect specimens preserved in spirits in Mr. Salvin's Guatemalan collections in the British Museum, and has thus been enabled to give a complete description of its external characters; from one of these examples our illustration is taken.

11. GLOSSONYCTERIS.

Glossonycteris, Peters, Monatsb. Ak. Berl. 1868, p. 364.

This genus agrees with the next and with the West-Indian *Phyllonycteris* in the imperfect ossification of the zygomatic arch, which is consequently wanting in the prepared skull—a peculiarity not found in any other known Bat. In *Glossonycteris* the molars present a well-marked W-pattern, the very short interfemoral membrane is hairy both above and below, and the tail is externally absent. The only recognized species is dark brown above, greyish-brown below; and its forearm measures about 1".65.

1. *Glossonycteris lasiopyga*. (Tab. III. fig. 3.)

Anoura geoffroyi, Gray, Mag. Zool. & Bot. ii. p. 490 (1838, sine descr.)¹.

?*Chaeronycteris peruana*, Tschudi, Faun. Peru. i. p. 71 (1844, descr. orig.)².

Anoura ecaudata, De Saussure, Rev. et Mag. de Zool. 1860, p. 493 (nec Geoffroy)³.

Glossonycteris lasiopyga, Peters, Monatsb. Ak. Berl. 1868, p. 368 (descr. orig.)⁴.

Glossonycteris geoffroyi, Dobson, Cat. Chir. Brit. Mus. p. 508⁵.

Hab. MEXICO (*De Saussure*)³; GUATEMALA, Choctum (*Salvin, Mus. Brit.*)⁵.—PERU?²;
BRAZIL⁵.

M. De Saussure having sent the Mexican Bat which he had called *Anoura ecaudata*³ to Professor Peters, it was determined by that zoologist to be a new species⁴, though he thinks that it may possibly be identical with Tschudi's *Chaeronycteris peruana*². The type of this latter is unfortunately lost; and as the original description and figure are insufficient for exact determinations, Mr. Dobson, finding that the type of Gray's genus *Anoura*¹ belongs to this species, has adopted his trivial title of *geoffroyi*⁵. But