

3. *P. fasciatus*. Upper parts "light sandy yellowish, closely lined throughout with black;" lower parts and limbs white; a salmon-coloured stripe along the flanks. Length of head and body about 4".25, of tail considerably less.

The other three species (*P. parvus*, Baird, *P. monticola*, Baird, and *P. penicillata*, Woodhouse) are all found in California, and very possibly cross our northern frontier. But the only other species which has yet been recorded from Central America is the *P. bicolor* of Gray, which, as I have shown elsewhere, is neither a *Perognathus* nor a native of the subregion*.

1. *Perognathus flavus*.

Perognathus flavus, Baird, Proc. Ac. Philad. 1855, p. 332 (deser. orig.)¹; Mamm. N. Am. p. 423²; Rep. U.S. Mex. Bound. Surv. ii. Mamm. p. 42³.

Cricetodipus flavus, Coues, Proc. Ac. Philad. 1875, p. 300⁴; Mon. N.-Am. Rodent. p. 516⁵.

Hab. NORTH AMERICA, central regions, from the Dominion of Canada southwards⁵.—MEXICO, Chihuahua (*Webb, U.S. Nat. Mus.*³), Matamoras (*ib.*⁵).

Although rare in collections, this diminutive Pocket-Mouse was found by the officers of the United-States Boundary Survey to be "quite abundant throughout the west, from the lower Rio Grande to El Paso, and a considerable distance westward"³. According to Dr. Coues, its range is a tolerably extensive one, extending southwards from 49° north latitude throughout the Rocky-Mountain and Middle-Faunal Provinces of North America to the more northern States of Mexico. On the Pacific slopes it is replaced by *P. parvus* (Baird), which apparently only differs in having the tail and hind feet longer, and may very probably prove to be merely a geographical race of *P. flavus*.

2. *Perognathus hispidus*.

Perognathus hispidus, Baird, Mamm. N. Am. p. 421 (1857, descr. orig.)¹; Rep. U.S. Mex. Bound. Surv. ii. Mamm. p. 42²; Coues, Proc. Ac. Philad. 1875, p. 296³; Mon. N.-Am. Rodent. p. 513⁴.

Hab. MEXICO, Charco Escondido, Matamoras (*Couch, U.S. Nat. Mus.*)¹.

Nothing whatever has been added to our knowledge of this animal since its first description, the two type specimens obtained by Lieutenant Couch being still the only ones known.

* Cf. Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist. 5th series, vi. pp. 118, 119; where I have redescribed the type specimens under the name of *Heteromys bicolor*, and shown that they were sent to the British Museum by Dyson from Venezuela, and not (as stated by Gray) by Sallé from Honduras.