

also by M. Rébouch, a skin of whose preparation we have in our collection from San Juan del Rio.

Two other names have been applied to this Thrush. That of *Turdus rufopalliatus*⁸, given to it by Lafresnaye, was based upon a specimen said to have come from Monterey, California; but this, as Prof. Baird has already pointed out³, is an erroneous locality. So also, probably, is "Lower California," quoted by Mr. Sclater in his "Synopsis of the Thrushes of the New World"². The name *Turdus palliatus*⁹, used by Bonaparte, is simply a synonym of the present bird.

Grayson, to whom *Turdus flavirostris* was well known, says^{5 6} that it has the general appearance of *Turdus migratorius*, and that, like that bird, it is also partially migratory in its habits. It frequents the Tres Marias Islands in great numbers, and becomes excessively fat upon the berries which they find there in abundance. It breeds on these islands, and is found equally commonly on the mainland. Grayson further describes it as an inhabitant of woods and as gregarious in its habits, and says that in its migrations it passes from one part of the country to another in quest of the different kind of berries which are its chief subsistence.

The sexes of *T. flavirostris* are said to be almost alike.

Our figure is taken from one of Xantus's specimens from the Plains of Colima, which agrees with Swainson's type still extant in the Cambridge Museum.

C. MERULA.

Sexus inter se dissimiles: mares nigri aut nigro varii; feminae fuscaæ aut fuscescentes.

14. *Turdus rufitorques*.

Turdus rufitorques, Hartl. Rev. Zool. 1844, p. 214¹; DuBus, Esq. Orn. tt. 19, 20²; Scl. & Salv. Ibis, 1859, p. 6³, 1860, p. 29⁴; Baird, Rev. Am. B. p. 32⁵.

♂ niger, mento albo; gula nigro striolata; pectore toto et cervice undique læte castaneis; subalaribus fusconigris; rostro flavo, pedibus corylinis. Long. tota 9.0, alæ 5.3, caudæ 4.0, rostri a rictu 1.1, tarsi 1.3. (Descr. maris ex Quezaltenango, Guatemala. Mus. nostr.)

♀ fusca, gula striata, pectore et torque obscurius castaneis quam in mare; rostro flavido, pedibus fusco-corylinis. (Descr. fem. ex Volcan de Fuego, Guatemala. Mus. nostr.)

Hab. GUATEMALA¹, Dueñas², Calderas³, Volcan de Fuego (10,000 to 12,000 feet), Godines², Quezaltenango, Cordillera above Totonicapam (10,500 feet), Chilasco, Tactic (*O. S. & F. D. G.*).

Dr. Hartlaub was the first ornithologist to describe this Thrush, from specimens obtained in Guatemala¹; it was soon afterwards figured by Vicomte DuBus in his 'Esquisses Ornithologiques'²; and from that time specimens of it have been occasionally sent to Europe by Constancia and others.

Turdus rufitorques is rather local in its distribution in Guatemala, though its range extends over a considerable area in that country. It has, too, a great range in altitude,