

nigricanti-cinereis; superciliis castaneis; linea frontali et regione parotica albis: subtus margaritaceo-albus; pectore præcipue ad latera cinereo perfuso; ventre et crisso flavicantibus; subalaribus albis: rostro nigro; pedibus obscure corylinis. Long. tota 4.0, alæ 1.95, caudæ 2.0, rostri a rictu 0.55, tarsi 0.65. (Descr. feminae ex Calovevora, Panama. Mus. nostr.)

Hab. PANAMA, Calovevora², Chitra^{1 2} (*Arcé*).

Of this pretty species we have as yet only seen the two original specimens sent us by *Arcé* in 1868, and described in the 'Proceedings' of the Zoological Society for that year. Both these specimens are marked as females, so that the male is not yet known, but it, in all probability, is quite similar to the female in its plumage.

In its long slender tarsi and delicate feet this species resembles *Leptotriccus sylviola* of Brazil, and it also has the pointed wings and long tail of that bird; the bill, however, is somewhat larger and wider.

The distinct chestnut superciliary streak over each eye is a strongly marked characteristic feature of *L. superciliaris*.

POGONOTRICCUS.

Pogonotriccus, Cabanis & Heine, Mus. Hein. ii. p. 54 (1859) (type *Muscicapa eximia*, Temm.);
Scl. Cat. Birds Brit. Mus. xiv. p. 97.

Mr. Sclater recognizes four species as belonging to this genus, its range extending from Costa Rica to South Brazil.

The general colour of all the species is bright olive above and yellowish beneath, the head varying from grey to dark plumbeous. The bill in *P. eximius* narrows rather abruptly, the width at the rictus being considerably more than half the length of the tomia; the culmen is gradually curved from the forehead, more rapidly towards the tip; the rictal bristles are very fully developed; the tarsi are rather short and slender, the enclosing scutellæ almost obliterated into one shield; the feet are feeble, the outer and middle toes being nearly equal, the inner one shorter. The wing is rounded, the 3rd quill a little < 2nd and 4th, 5th = 2nd, 1st = 9th; tail rather long and square, the feathers narrow, a little < wing, > 3 times tarsus.

1. *Pogonotriccus zeledoni*.

Pogonotriccus ? *zeledoni*, Lawr. Ann. Lyc. N. Y. ix. p. 144¹.

Supra olivaceus; capite summo et nucha plumbeis; alis caudaque fusco-nigris, extus pallide olivaceo limbatis; capitis lateribus et gula cinereo-albis; loris albis: abdomine toto olivaceo-flavo, medialiter cum subalaribus flavido-albidis: rostro et pedibus obscure corylinis, mandibula pallida. Long. tota 4.2, alæ 2.4, caudæ 2.0, tarsi 0.65. (Descr. feminae exempl. typ. ex Barranca, Costa Rica. Mus. G. N. Lawrence.)

Hab. COSTA RICA, Dota Mountains, Barranca (*Carmirol*¹).

We have never obtained a specimen of this species, but have taken our description from the type of the female lent us by Mr. Lawrence. This bird has a close ally in *P. plumbeiceps*, Lawr., of Colombia, but the bill is rather wider, the mandible paler,