

"The short head of this species is accompanied by an abbreviation of the sutures of mutual contact of the fronto-nasal and internasal pairs of scuta, which is not seen in the other allied species."

3. *Cnemidophorus deppii*.

Cnemidophorus deppii, Wiegman. Herpet. Mex. p. 28; Peters, Berl. MB. 1869, p. 62; Bocourt, Miss. Sc. Mex., Rept. p. 281, t. 20. figg. 3, t. 20 c. figg. 5; Sumichrast, Bull. Soc. Zool. Fr. 1880, p. 177.

Cnemidophorus octolineatus, Baird, Proc. Ac. N. Sc. Philad. 1858, p. 255*.

? *Cnemidophorus decem-lineatus*, Hallowell, Proc. Ac. N. Sc. Philad. 1860, p. 482.

Cnemidophorus immutabilis, Cope, Journ. Am. Phil. Soc. 1877, p. 93.

Cnemidophorus lativittis, Cope, l. c. p. 94.

Hab. MEXICO, Colima (*Bocourt*), Tehuantepec (*Sumichrast*); EASTERN GUATEMALA (*Bocourt*); SALVADOR (*Bocourt*); ? NICARAGUA (*Hallowell*).—VENEZUELA, Caracas (*Brit. Mus.*).

Abdominal scutes in six series anteriorly and in eight posteriorly; scales in the middle of the throat somewhat enlarged, and gradually passing into the smaller lateral scales. Collar covered by three or four series of enlarged scales. Nostril in one scute; supraorbitals three, rarely four†. Humeral scutes in four longitudinal series, separated by a narrow granular fold from the pectoral scutes; three large præanals. The scales of the tail are strongly keeled, the keels being very slightly oblique. Body with eight or nine parallel bluish-white lines, nearly as broad as the interspaces between them.

4. *Cnemidophorus lineatissimus*.

Cnemidophorus lineatissimus, Cope, Journ. Am. Phil. Soc. 1877, p. 94.

Hab. MEXICO, Colima, Guadalajara (*Cope*).

"Several rows of large scales on the collar, the border row not larger nor much smaller; two preoculars; no freno-ocular; three supraorbitals; larger gulars extending across throat; superior preocular not descending to labials; postbrachials large, continuous with brachials; femorals with eight rows; black, with ten or eleven pale bands; sides and femora pale spotted; throat black. The muzzle is rather acute, but not elongate, and the fronto-nasals have considerable mutual contact. The larger and smaller gulars are abruptly distinguished from each other, and the former are smaller than the scales of the collar. The frenal plates form a circle surrounding a large median scute, of which the two posterior plates are the largest. There is a space between the two submedian lines, which is often divided by a median line. Below the lowest line the sides are black, with large light spots, open below."

* Said to have four supraorbitals (*Cope*, Journ. Am. Phil. Soc. 1877, p. 95).

† A specimen in the Brussels Museum from Mexico shows distinctly a small fourth supraorbital.