

14. *Gerrhonotus moreletii*. (Tab. XXIV. fig. C.)

Gerrhonotus wiegmanni, Salvin, Proc. Zool. Soc. 1860, p. 455.

Gerrhonotus moreletii, Bocourt, Nouv. Arch. Mus. Bull. 1872, p. 102; and Miss. Sc. Mex., Rept. p. 349, t. 21. fig. 1 and t. 21 B. figg. 5.

Gerrhonotus fulvus, Bocourt, Miss. Sc. Mex., Rept. p. 352, t. 21 B. figg. 6.

Hab. MEXICO, Vera Cruz (*Bocourt*); GUATEMALA, Lanquin, Dueñas, and Rio Chisoy, below the town of Cubulco (*Salvin*), Peten (*Morelet*), pine-forests of Totonicapam (*Bocourt*).

Dorsal scales keeled, in twenty, nuchal scales in fourteen or sixteen, ventral in twelve longitudinal series. Nasal shield not in contact with the rostral. Normally seven shields on the upper surface of the snout, between the vertical and rostral, which are

disposed thus $\left\{ \begin{array}{c} a-a' \\ b-b' \\ c \\ d-d' \end{array} \right\}$, shield *c* being always large, in contact with the vertical, and

sometimes confluent with *d* and *d'*. The *a* and *b* series also show sometimes irregularities of arrangement. Supranasals present. Brownish olive, irregularly marbled and spotted with black and yellowish.

15. *Gerrhonotus liocephalus*.

Gerrhonotus liocephalus, Wieg. Isis, 1828, p. 379; Bocourt, Miss. Sc. Mex., Rept. p. 342, t. 21 A. figg. 1, 2, 2a.

Scincus (Pterogasteres) ventralis, Peale & Green, Journ. Ac. N. Sc. Phil. 1838, vi. p. 233.

Gerrhonotus tessellatus, Wieg. Herpetol. Mex. p. 32, t. 10. fig. 3; Dum. & Bibr. Erp. Gén. v. 1839, p. 405; Gray, Cat. Liz. p. 53; Cope, Proc. Ac. N. Sc. Phil. 1866, p. 321.

Gerrhonotus infernalis, Baird, Proc. Ac. N. Sc. Phil. 1858, p. 255; Cope, l. c. p. 322.

Gerrhonotus ventralis, Cope, l. c. p. 321.

Gerrhonotus ophiurus, Cope, l. c. p. 321.

Gerrhonotus lemniscatus, Bocourt, Nouv. Arch. Mus. 1872, p. 105.

Hab. NORTH AMERICA, Texas, Devil's River (*Baird*).—MEXICO, Oaxaca, Guanajuato (*Bocourt*), Cordova (*Sallé*).

Dorsal scales keeled, in sixteen, ventral in twelve (ten) longitudinal series. Nasal shield not in contact with the rostral. Ten shields on the upper surface of the snout, between the vertical and rostral, of which one pair are the supranasals (*s*), and which

are disposed thus $\left\{ \begin{array}{cc} a & a' \\ & a'' \\ s & s' \\ b-b' \\ & c \\ d-d' \end{array} \right\}$. Brownish-olive, with a series of blackish spots along the

lateral fold, and with scattered triangular or subquadrangular darker spots of the size of a scale; these spots are sometimes contiguous and form irregular transverse bands,