

Brocchi, Miss. Sc. Mex., Batr. p. 32, t. 13. figs. 3-4; Cope, Bull. U. S. Nat. Mus. no. 32, p. 14 (1887).

Hyla euphorbiacea, Günth. Batr. Sal. p. 109, t. 10. fig. C.

Hyla gracilipes, Cope, Proc. Ac. N. Sc. Philad. 1865, p. 194 *.

Hyla staufferi, Cope, Proc. Ac. N. Sc. Philad. 1865, p. 195.

Hyla eximia, subsp. *staufferii*, Cope, Bull. U. S. Nat. Mus. no. 32, p. 14 (1887).

Hab. MEXICO, Chihuahua, alt. 7000-8000 feet (*Brimley*), Presidio and Ciudad (*Forrer*), city of Mexico (*Doorman*, *H. H. Smith*), Sierra de Cuyatlan, Guadalajara, alt. 3800 met. (*Buller*), Guanajuato (*Dugès*), Amula (*H. H. Smith*), Jalisco and South Mexico (*F. D. G.*).

Vomerine teeth between the choanæ, in two transverse groups or slightly oblique series; choanæ rather more open than eustachian ostia. Snout of moderate length, rather depressed, with obtuse canthus and sloping sides. Distance of the nostril from the eye nearly as long as the diameter of the latter, and more than the distance of the nostrils from each other. Interorbital space wider than the upper eyelid. Tympanum distinct, one-half or one-third the area of the eye. Fingers free, with disks as large as those of the toes, equal to or somewhat exceeding the area of the tympanum. Toes one-third webbed or even less; a tarsal fold. Upper parts smooth, very rarely tubercular †; lower parts granular; a fold across the chest; no other folds. Back greenish, bluish, or brownish, uniform or with blackish, sometimes light-edged, oblong spots; a blackish line along the canthus rostralis continued as a broader band from behind the eye, across the tympanum, and along the side of the body; towards the back it is sharply defined, generally with a white edge, but towards the abdomen it gradually passes into the light coloration of the lower parts; it is also white-edged below, between the eye and the shoulder. Upper jaw with a semitransparent horn-coloured border; limbs cross-banded; thighs with the concealed parts not pigmented. Male with an external subgular vocal sac.

	♂ (Mexico).	♀ (Amula).
Greatest width of the head	12 millim.	11.5 millim.
Distance of vent from snout	33 „	30 „
„ „ heel	30 „	30 „
„ „ metatarsal joint	38 „	37.5 „
„ „ end of fourth toe	53 „	53 „

* I cannot help thinking that the words "eyes little prominent, one-half tympanic disk," in Cope's description of *H. gracilipes*, are a *lapsus calami*. No Central-American *Hyla* has so small an eye. Also two specimens in the Natural History Museum, named *H. gracilipes*, do not differ in this respect from others undoubtedly *H. eximia*.

† Tubercular skin observed once only, in a female from Presidio.