

Rosa de Jericho as green on the back, and golden yellow with black spots on the abdomen ; a black tympanic band ; limbs brownish, cross-barred.

17. *Hyla venulosa*.

Rana venulosa, Laur. Syn. Rept. p. 31.

Hyla venulosa, Daud. Rainettes, p. 35, t. 13 ; Dum. et Bibr. Erpét. Gén. viii. p. 560 ; Peters, MB.

Ak. Wiss. Berlin, 1872, p. 219 ; 1873, p. 618 ; Günth. Batr. Sal. p. 104 ; Bouleng. Batr.

Sal. p. 364 ; Ann. & Mag. N. H. 1882, x. p. 327.

Scytotis venulosus, Cope, Journ. Ac. N. Sc. Philad. vi. p. 85 (1866) ; Bull. U. S. Nat. Mus. no. 32, p. 12 (1887).

Hyla zonata, Spix, Spec. Nov. p. 41, t. 12. fig. 1.

Hyla bufonia, Spix, l. c. p. 42, t. 12. fig. 2.

Hyla tibiatrix, Laur. Syn. Rept. p. 34.

Hyla vermiculata, Dum. et Bibr. Erpét. Gén. viii. p. 563.

Hyla lichenosa, Günth. Batr. Sal. p. 102, t. 8. fig. C ; Brocchi, Miss. Sc. Mex., Batr. p. 33, t. 14. fig. 2.

Scytotis hebes, Cope, Proc. Ac. N. Sc. Philad. 1862, p. 354.

Hyla nigropunctata, Bouleng. Batr. Sal. p. 366.

Hyla pænulata, Brocchi, Miss. Sc. Mex., Batr. p. 45, t. 14. fig. 1 (not good).

Hab. MEXICO, Presidio (*Forrer*), Tampico (*Richardson*), Jalapa (*Höge*), Vera Cruz and Cordova (*Sallé*), Misantla (*H. H. Smith*), Frontera, Tabasco (*H. H. Smith*) ; GUATEMALA (*Cope*, *Boucard*) ; NICARAGUA (*Cope*) ; COSTA RICA, Bebedero (*Underwood*) ; PANAMA, Chiriqui (*Peters*).—TROPICAL AMERICA.

Vomerine teeth between the wide choanæ, nearer to their hind margin ; they form generally a transverse series slightly interrupted in the middle, or each of the two halves may be slightly arched. Snout broad, short, obtuse, not depressed, with indistinct canthus, and sloping concave sides. Distance of the nostril from the eye equal to the diameter of the latter. Interorbital space wider than the upper eyelid. Tympanum distinct, about one-half the area of the eye, but smaller in specimens with a glandular skin, and sometimes larger in such as have the glands but little developed. The three outer fingers one-half or one-third webbed ; their disks equal those of the toes, and are generally of the same size as the tympanum. No external rudiment of a pollex. Toes three-fourths webbed, with strong subarticular tubercles ; no tarsal fold. Upper parts generally tubercular and glandular ; a fold above the tympanum often assumes the appearance of a parotoid, suppressing portion of the tympanum ; no fold on the side or above the vent ; folds across the chest or throat ; no appendage at the heel. Lower parts, including the throat, coarsely granular. In some specimens the skin of the upper parts is nearly smooth. Back brownish, generally with large, subsymmetrical, dark patches, more or less confluent into a pair of longitudinal bands, sharply defined against a lighter lateral band ; hind limbs with broad