

Platystoma (Aperostoma) dysoni, Mörch, in Malak. Blätt. vii. p. 66 (1860)⁹.

Neocyclotus dysoni, Fischer & Crosse, Miss. Scient. Mex., Mollusca, ii. p. 164, t. 38. figg. 6–8, t. 39. figg. 9–12, t. 41. figg. 1, 2¹⁰.

Cyclophorus translucidus, Tristr. P. Z. S. 1861, p. 232¹¹ (nec Sowerby).

Cyclotus translucidus, Tate, in Am. Journ. Conch. v. p. 159¹²; Angas, P. Z. S. 1879, p. 483¹³ (nec Sowerby).

Hab. S.W. MEXICO: Rio Grande in Oaxaca (*Boucard: Fischer & Crosse*¹⁰, t. 39. f. 12; 21½ millim. in diameter); Istapa and Panistlahuaca in Oaxaca (*Boucard: Fischer & Crosse*¹⁰, t. 39. figg. 9, 10; 20–23 millim. in diameter).

CENTRAL CHIAPAS and TABASCO: Chiapas (*Ghiesbreght*¹⁰: var. umbilico paululum latiore⁵), Teapa (*H. H. Smith*).

YUCATAN: Campeche (*Dr. Berendt*); Tabi in N.W. Yucatan (*F. D. G.*; Febr. 1888: very small specimens, 16 millim.). (Tab. I. fig. 2.)

N. GUATEMALA: Vera Paz (*Salvin*¹¹), Coban⁷, Tactic and Tamahu (*Sarg*¹⁰), Alta Vera Paz (*Bocourt, Sarg: Fischer & Crosse*¹⁰, t. 39. f. 11; 30 millim. in diameter), Senahu and San Juan in Vera Paz (*Champion*).

S.W. GUATEMALA, includ. S.W. CHIAPAS: Tapachula (*Höge*), San Isidro, Zapote (*Champion*: 19–21 millim.); Low country between Retalhuleu and the sea (*Stoll*).

HONDURAS (*Dyson*^{1 2 3 4 6 10}).

CENTRAL NICARAGUA: Acoyapa (*Belt*; Dec. 1879); Chontales—forest-region, not uncommon, ascending the Peña Blanca to an elevation of 3000 feet, sparsely distributed in the savana-region (*Tate*¹²).

S.W. COSTA RICA: Lepanta, Gulf of Nicoya (*Gabb*¹³); Cervantes—only on hills, not common (*Gabb*⁸); Punta Arenas^{9 10} (*Örsted*).

From an inspection of the original specimens, I may be allowed to state that the Vera Paz shell quoted as *C. translucidus* by Tristram¹¹ is *C. dysoni* and not the true *C. translucidus*, Sowerby; the latter is a closely allied species, and chiefly differs from *C. dysoni* in the sculpture being distinctly more feeble. I, therefore, dare not include *C. translucidus* in the Central-American fauna, although Angas¹³ and Tate¹² have also quoted it from within our limits. The true *C. translucidus* is from Venezuela.

Colours of the living animal as in the preceding (*Stoll*).

Var. n. **ambiguus.**

Testa magis depressa, costulis minus undulosis. Diam. 23, alt. 16, apert. 11 millim.

Hab. E. MEXICO, Soledad, between Cordova and Orizaba (*Höge*).

Var. n. **affinis.**

Testa magis depressa, sculptura normali, colore castaneo. Diam. maj. 20, alt. 15, apert. 10 millim. (Tab. I. fig. 1.)

Hab. S. PANAMA, Bugaba (*Champion*).