

lines; profile tolerably convex. The height of the clypeus is equal to the diameter of one of the fore central eyes.

The *eyes* are in two rows, with the usual appearance of being curved when looked at from above and behind; the convexity of the curve of the anterior row is directed slightly forwards, while that of the posterior row is in an opposite direction. The fore central pair are rather the largest; those of the posterior row are the smallest and of equal size with each other. The eyes of the anterior row are equidistant from each other, while the interval between the hind central pair is slightly less than that between each and the lateral next to it. The four central eyes form a slightly oblong trapezoid whose anterior side is a very little shorter than the posterior side.

The *legs* are long, rather slender, 2, 1, 4, 3; similar in colour to the cephalothorax, the tarsi and metatarsi dark brown, and furnished with a broad, rather dense scopula and a claw-tuft. Spines long and tolerably strong.

The *palpi* are similar to the legs in colour and armature, the digital joint black.

The *falces* are strong, straight, slightly projecting forwards, and prominent in front, clothed with coarse hairs and bristles.

The *maxillæ* are straight, enlarged and rounded at the extremity, slightly inclined to the labium, and of a dark reddish-brown hue.

The *labium* is short, shorter than broad, the apex slightly rounded; similar to the maxillæ in colour.

The *abdomen* is rather large, of a dull brownish-yellow hue, clothed with pale hairs; an elongate stripe bounded by a broken dark line, and rather tapering to its extremity, occupies the median line of the fore half of the upperside, and is followed to the spinners by a series of transverse, slightly oblique bars, similarly indicated, and meeting in a dark irregular longitudinal central line, representing the usual chevrons. The underside has a broad, central, longitudinal dark sooty-brown band from the genital aperture nearly to the spinners. The genital aperture is large, transverse-oval or rather kidney-shaped. The spinners are short, compact, and brown.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Chicoyito (*Sarg*).

The egg-cocoon accompanied this spider; it is of very large size, round, lenticular.

XYSTICUS, C. Koch.

Xysticus adustus, sp. n.

Adult female, length rather over $2\frac{1}{2}$ lines.

This spider is of the ordinary form.

The colour of the *cephalothorax* is a dull orange-yellow, slightly deeper in the ocular region, and the sides of the thorax are a deep rich red-brown, the inner margin of the coloured portion broken but well defined, and with strong prominent black bristles on and near the ocular area and clypeus.

The *legs* are of moderate length, strong, well furnished with spines, bristles, and hairs; similar in colour to the cephalothorax, spotted with small deep red-brown spots, from many of the larger of which the spines and bristles spring; the genuæ and nearly the fore half of the tibiæ (with a small portion of their base) of the first and second pairs are dark red-brown.

The *falces* are strong, conical, vertical, similar to the cephalothorax in colour, and furnished with some strong prominent bristles near their base.

The *maxillæ*, *labium*, and *sternum* are yellow, the last being clearer and paler in colour than the others.

The *eyes* are normal in relative size and position; those of each lateral pair are seated on strong greyish tubercles. The height of the clypeus is equal to half that of the facial space.

The *abdomen* is of the ordinary form in this genus, broader behind than in front, where it is somewhat roundly truncated. The upperside is furnished with numerous prominent slightly curved black bristles; its colour is dull brownish-yellow, palest along the middle, where traces of the normal angulated pattern are visible, the rest of the upperside being marked in a somewhat striated fashion with broken markings of a deep blackish-red-brown; three whitish spots forming a triangle on the fore half are rather distinct,