

the tibiae and metatarsi annulated with, not all well-defined, black-brown annuli; rather less than one-half of the femora of the third and fourth pairs is black-brown.

Palpi short, yellow; digital joint and palpal bulb dark brown and of large size. Palpal organs highly developed and prominent.

Sternum black-brown, marked with several converging brownish-yellow marks, and three white spots, one at each of the anterior corners, and the third (forming a triangle with the others) at the posterior extremity.

Abdomen of a pale dull luteous hue, marked pretty closely with black, most thickly on each side of the fore part and above the tuberculiform prolongation, where it forms a largish transverse oblong patch, including several whitish spots in the middle and a short longitudinal central black bar in front; on either side of this bar is an oblique diffused white patch. The extremity of the hinder prominence bears a white spot; there are also two very distinct white spots in a transverse line halfway between the oblique white patches and the anterior margin, at the middle of which is a small white spot. The underside is black, and on the middle of the lateral margins on each side is a small indistinct white point.

Hab. MEXICO, Teapa in Tabasco (*H. H. Smith*).

AMAMRA, Cambridge.

Amamra clivosa, sp. n.

Adult female, length $3\frac{1}{4}$ lines.

This spider is closely allied to *A. bituberosa*, Camb. (antea, p. 55, t. 3. figg. 11, 11 a-e), but may be at once distinguished by the broader cephalothorax and more robust caput, a slight difference in the form of the genital aperture, the larger size of the abdominal eminences, as well as in colours and markings.

The *cephalothorax* has a deep reddish-brown transverse band at the occiput; the rest of the caput and thorax are reddish-yellow-brown, with four rather converging, fine, darker brown lines running from the central ocular rectangle to the occiput, and a transverse line of the same colour on each side of the caput, and in fact traceable quite over and meeting on the middle of the caput, and the thorax is also marked with brown. The ocular area and clypeus are deep reddish-brown; the whole is clothed thinly with short greyish hairs.

The *eyes* do not appear to differ much from those of *A. bituberosa*.

Falces pale yellow-brown, with the extremities red-brown.

Legs short, strong, subequal in length, 2, 4, 1, 3, the femora of 1, 2, 4 deep brown, while those of 3 are yellow-brown, banded with paler brownish-yellow; the rest of the legs is dull yellowish, indistinctly annulated and marked with darker yellow-brown. They are furnished with not very long nor strong spines and coarse grey hairs.

Maxillæ and *labium* dark yellow-brown, with pale whitish extremities.

Sternum dark yellow-brown.

Abdomen large, oval; near the fore extremity on the upperside are two strong, somewhat roundly obtuse, humps or eminences in a transverse line, with a slight subconical point at the top (rather behind) of each. In front of these eminences, nearer to the fore margin in the centre, is a very much smaller protuberance, forming a yellowish patch, with a small group of short black bristly hairs in front of it. The abdomen is yellow-brown in colour, clothed with short hairs and, thinly, with short black spine-like bristles, some of which appear to be of a slender lanceolate form. On the hinder part between the prominences and the spinners, and near the former, are two strongish, depressed, dark brown spots in a transverse line, with a smaller dark brown spot edged with yellowish behind each; this is followed halfway to the spinners by two more, larger, depressed, curved spots of the same colour, and immediately behind each of these is a largish, well-defined, somewhat inverted umbrella-shaped, deep black-brown patch, edged with yellowish, and followed to the spinners by two rather converging lines of small deep-brown points or spots, five spots in each line. The spinners are short and compact. The underside is for the most part dark brown. The genital aperture and process are of characteristic form, though much like those of *A. bituberosa*.

Hab. MEXICO, Amula in Guerrero (midway between Tixtla and Chilapa) 6000 feet (*H. H. Smith*).