

The vulva in this species consists of a convexity with a central deep concavity, according to Keyserling's figure.

4. **Corinna cinnamia.** (Tab. V. fig. 19, ♀, vulva.)

Creugas cinnamius, E. Simon, Ann. Soc. Ent. Fr. 1888, p. 210 (♀) ¹.

Type, ♀, in coll. E. Simon.

Total length 10.6 millim.

Hab. MEXICO ¹.

5. **Corinna bulbula**, sp. n. (Tab. V. figg. 2, 2 a, ♂.)

Type, ♂, in coll. Godman & Salvin.

Total length 10.5 millim. Carap. 4.5×3 . Pat.+tib. i. 4.75; iii. 3.5; iv. 4.75.

♂. Carapace and mandibles dark mahogany-brown, impunctate-granulose; sternum and maxillæ slightly paler, granulose. Legs dull orange-yellow, finely granulose. Abdomen dark brown, without a dorsal scutum, and with a central very indistinct pale spot on each side.

Eyes: as a group occupying nearly the whole width of the caput. Posterior row procurved, eyes subequal, two diameters (almost) apart, two and a half diameters from laterals. Anterior row procurved; centrals larger, scarcely one diameter apart, one full diameter from laterals. Laterals of both rows half a diameter apart. Central quadrangle much broader than long, centrals of both rows half a diameter of an anterior central apart. Carapace with caput distinctly raised, slightly bilobate behind, central fovea deep. Lower fang-groove with five subequal teeth.

Legs: protarsi i. and ii. with two pairs of spines beneath, and a single central apical spine; tibia i. with four pairs (and a small apical pair) of spines beneath; tibia ii. with a single outer row of four spines.

Palpus: tibia twice as long as broad, with two spurs on the outer side; the upper spur short, broad, dilate, terminating at the apex in a short blunt point; the lower spur shorter, narrower, curving upwards towards the upper spur. Bulb globular, with the spiraloid spermathecal duct very distinct, bearing on the outer side a stout process, geniculate and narrowed in the middle, then dilate and ending in a sharp black point at the apex. From the inner apical margin of the bulb springs a long sinuous spine, its apex lying closely in contact with the apex of the external process.


The form of the bulb itself is conspicuously different from that of others of the genus here recorded, resembling *C. bulbosa* alone in its character.

Hab. PANAMA, Bugaba (*Champion*).

6. **Corinna bulbosa**, sp. n. (Tab. V. figg. 3, 3 a, b, ♂; 4, 4 a, ♀.)

Type ♂, cotype ♀, in coll. Godman & Salvin.

♂. Total length 7 millim. Carap. 3.5×2.25 . (Legs iii. and iv. wanting.) Sternum 1.5×1.25 .

♂. Carapace and mandibles mahogany-brown; rugulose and granulose-impunctate. Sternum and legs mahogany-brown (coxæ and base of femora paler) and (except coxæ of legs) closely granulose. Abdomen clay-yellow, with a dark shoulder-spot on each side and a broad transverse black bar just behind the middle, often connected with the shoulder-spots (which sometimes coalesce in the centre) by a narrow longitudinal dark line, which has short lateral branches on each side. Following the transverse bar are three or four transverse -shaped indistinct brown bars and a dark blotch immediately above the spinners, which are themselves encircled by a black line.

Ventral area pale clay-yellow.

Carapace precipitous behind, gibbous in the cephalic region, but less than in *C. variegata*, and not so broad in front. Eyes less widely separate. Posterior row procurved; eyes equal, equidistant, almost two diameters apart. Anterior row strongly procurved; centrals larger, equidistant, one diameter of the centrals apart.

Clypeus just over one diameter of an anterior central eye.

Maxillæ long, more than twice the length of the labium, straight, slightly concave on the outer side and dilate