

21. *Corinna testacea*.

Hypsinotus testaceus, N. Banks, loc. cit. p. 229, t. 16. fig. 17¹.

♂. Total length 7 millim.

Hab. MEXICO, Tepic¹.

TRACHELAS.

Trachelas, L. Koch, Die Drassiden, p. 2 (analytical table) (1866) ; Abhandl. nat. Ges. Nürnberg, 1872, p. 146, t. 6.

Type *T. nigricans*, L. Koch. Colombia.

Legs almost entirely without spines. Tibiæ, protarsi, and tarsi of legs i. and ii. sometimes cuspluate, sometimes plain, beneath. Lower margin of mandibles with from 2-4 teeth. Posterior row of eyes much wider than the anterior row, or only slightly wider, recurved. Maxillæ long, straight, concave on the outer side, dilate at the apex. Median spinners longitudinally compressed. Sternum produced into a square, or conical, projection between coxæ iii. and iv.

E. Simon quotes the presence of two teeth only on the lower margin of the mandible fang-groove as one of the chief distinguishing characters of the *Tracheleæ* as a group of the Corinninæ. Several of the Central-American species, undoubtedly belonging to *Trachelas*, however, have 3-4 teeth.

M. Simon has selected *T. minor*, O. P.-Cambr., from Jericho, as the type of the genus, since Dr. L. Koch evidently acquiesced in the reference of this species to his genus *Trachelas*. Both were described in the same year. The type of *T. nigricans* is now before me.

The species known to me may be tabulated thus:—

Males.

A. Maxillæ evenly rounded on the external apical margin, often dilate, but not definitely produced or denticulate. Femur, patella, tibia, and protarsus of leg iii. without any anterior marginal row of small tubercles. Lower margin of fang-groove with two stout teeth. Basal segment of mandible distinctly excavate on the inner margin beneath.

I. Sternum distinctly granulose or rugulose-impunctate.

i. Dorsal area of abdomen more or less scutulate.

a. Tibia of palpus twice as long as broad. (Bulb terminating in a single broad, sinuous, lanceolate spur, its apex aculeate.) *lanceolatus*, sp. n.

b. Tibia of palpus not, or only slightly, longer than broad.

1. Tibia of palpus, in profile from the outside, much broader at the apex than at the base, not longer than broad. Apical spur of tibia longer, stouter, and slightly curving upwards. Apex of bulb with a transverse oblong piece, its anterior outer angle produced into a stout spine *transversus*, sp. n.

2. Tibia of palpus, in profile from outside, scarcely broader at the apex than at the base, only about one-quarter longer than broad.