

especially towards the apex, and the marginal groove of the pronotum a little more distinctly crenulated.

5. *Aspidoglossa brachydera*.

Aspidoglossa brachyderus, Bates, Proc. Zool. Soc. 1878, p. 589.

"In hoc genere brevis; thorace brevi et lato. Nigro-ænea, palpis antennis pedibusque piceo-testaceis, elytris apicem versus diffuse rufescentibus; clypei margine haud emarginato, fovea frontali parva, simplici; thorace lato, convexo, antice angustato, lateribus fere ut in *A. subangulata* angulatis; elytris oblongo-ovatis, versus basin paullo angustatis, fortiter striatis, striis passim crenatis, interstitio tertio tripunctato. "Long. $2\frac{1}{4}$ lin."

Hab. PANAMA (*coll. Bates*).

Distinguished from all other species by the very short and broad thorax. The forehead is smooth in the centre, and the antero-lateral angles of the epistome only slightly produced and rounded.

SCHIZOGENIUS.

Schizogenius, Putzeys, Monogr. Clivinides, p. 131; id. Révis. Gén. p. 222.

Peculiar, like the two preceding genera, to America, and extending like them to the temperate regions north and south. About thirty species have been described.

1. *Schizogenius optimus*.

S. dyschirioidi proxime affinis, sed multo major. Convexus, fusco-cupreus, thorace viridi-aureo nitenti, elytrisque marginibus viridibus; fronte octocarinulata carinulis 2 medianis late separatis antice paullo convergentibus, ante oculus utrinque carinulis duabus brevibus; epistomate medio carina semicirculari tribusque anticis rectis; thorace quadrato antice haud angustato, supra convexo, sulculis lateralibus nullis; elytris fortiter striatis, striis basin versus punctatis, interstitiis interioribus usque ad apicem planatis absque punctis setiferis; antennis pedibus elytrorumque margine deflexo piceo-rufis.

Long. $2\frac{3}{4}$ – $3\frac{1}{4}$ lin.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Rio Naranjo (*Champion*).

2. *Schizogenius truquii*.

Schizogenius Truquii, Putzeys, Révis. Gén. p. 224¹.

Hab. MEXICO (*Truqui*¹).

3. *Schizogenius tristriatus*. (Tab. II. fig. 23.)

Schizogenius tristriatus, Putzeys, Monogr. Clivinides, p. 133¹.

Var. *Schizogenius longipennis*, id. Révis. Gén. p. 227¹.

Long. $1\frac{1}{2}$ – $2\frac{3}{4}$ lin.

Hab. MEXICO¹, Cordova, Guanajuato, Playa Vicente (*Sallé*), Jalapa, Bobo, Oaxaca (*Höge*); GUATEMALA, near the city (*Salvin*, *Champion*), San Gerónimo, Rio Naranjo, Panajachel, Paraiso, Pantaleon, Rio Maria Linda (*Champion*).

The variety *longipennis* occurs in company with the type form at Cordova, San