

11 (A). **Notiobia umbrifera.**

N. umbratae simillima, sed differt striola scutellari multo breviori; ænea vel subaurato-ænea, interdum cuprascens, nitida; antennis basi (cæteris piceis), palpis pedibusque flavo-testaceis; oculis valde prominentibus; thorace lato, antice sat late rotundato-dilatato, postice sinuato angustato, angulis posticis rectis; elytris apice oblique sinuatis, umbra testacea fere ut in *N. umbrata*, versus apicem utrinque interstitia 5^m–9^m tegente; striola scutellari ad quartam longitudinem elytri desinente. ♀ elytris disco sicut in ♂ nitidis.

Long. 4–4½ lin.

Hab. PANAMA, Bugaba (*Champion*).—SOUTH AMERICA, Upper Amazons.

There is scarcely any thing to distinguish this species from *N. umbrata* except the length of the scutellar striole, which is here only one half that of *N. umbrata*. The colour of the majority of the specimens is rather brighter, and the female has not the opaque patch on the disk of the elytra shown by *N. umbrata*.

15. **Notiobia** —.

Hab. PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).

A single male example, apparently different from any of the foregoing.

HARPALUS (p. 56).

Harpalus mexicanus (p. 57).

To the localities given add:—Maravatio (*Flohr*).

8. **Harpalus** —.

Hab. MEXICO, Toluca (*Sallé*).

A single specimen in the Sallé collection.

9. **Harpalus** —.

Hab. MEXICO (*Sallé*).

A single specimen, named *H. marginicollis*, Chev., in the Sallé collection. It appears not to have been described, but is quite indeterminable, even its genus, as it wants the four anterior tarsi.

10. **Harpalus ellipsis.**

Harpalus ellipsis, Leconte, Ann. Lyceum N. York, v. p. 400.

Hab. NORTH AMERICA, Missouri, Louisiana.—MEXICO, Northern Sonora (*Morrison*).

SELENOPHORUS (p. 58).

Selenophorus æquinotialis (p. 59).

To the Mexican localities given add:—Chihuahua (*Hepburn*).