

the surface of the wing-cases is not polished, and is a little less shining in the female than it is in the male. The under surface is yellow. The male possesses a rather coarse coxal file; but I do not detect any trace of a file in the female. In the latter sex the epipleura is broadly dilated a little before the extremity, the dilatation being almost as remarkable above as it is when the under surface is looked at. In each sex the apical abdominal segment is nearly without truncation or sinuation. Apart from the structure of the epipleura in the female, the species may be distinguished from *L. americanus* and the allies which resemble it in size and in the pale breast, by the complete absence of any pale spots near the base of the wing-cases.

### 8. *Laccophilus terminalis*.

*Laccophilus terminalis*, Sharp, Trans. Roy. Dubl. Soc. n. s. ii. p. 292.

*Hab.* NORTH AMERICA, Texas.—MEXICO, Guanajuato (*Dugès, coll. Sallé*).

### 9. *Laccophilus americanus*.

*Laccophilus americanus*, Aubé, Spec. Gén. vi. p. 422; Sharp, Trans. Roy. Dubl. Soc. n. s. ii. p. 291.

*Hab.* NORTH AMERICA, Texas, Louisiana, Albania.—MEXICO.—ANTILLES, Antigua, Cuba.

### 10. *Laccophilus confusus*.

*Laccophilus confusus*, Sharp, Trans. Roy. Dubl. Soc. n. s. ii. p. 292.

*Hab.* MEXICO, Vera Cruz (*Sallé*).

The female of this species has a quite distinct coxal file. The species is very near to *L. americanus*, and may perhaps prove not to be a good one; but at present material is insufficient to decide the question.

### 11. *Laccophilus pictus*.

*Laccophilus pictus*, Cast. Et. Ent. p. 104; Aubé, Spec. Gén. vi. p. 441; Sharp, Trans. Roy. Dubl. Soc. n. s. ii. p. 290.

*Hab.* MEXICO, Puebla, Teapa (*Sallé*), Oaxaca, Paso del Macho (*Höge*); GUATEMALA, Guatemala city and San Gerónimo (*Champion*).

### 12. *Laccophilus oscillator*.

Ovalis, latus, subdepressus, nitidus, testaceus; elytris fuscis, fascia subbasali disintegrata, maculis gracilibus ultra medium apiceque testaceis; abdomine pectoreque fusco-testaceis.  
Long.  $2\frac{1}{4}$  lin.

*Hab.* MEXICO, Oaxaca (*Höge*).

The subbasal fascia extends from the shoulder to the suture, but is broken into three spots, the two internal spots being nearly connected, however, by means of a vague curved mark quite at the base; behind the middle are some elongate very slender pale