

yellowish red, but infusate over a broad space on the middle; towards each side there are numerous short but deep impressions or scratches, most of which have an oblique direction; the curved lateral series of punctures is very much obliterated. Elytra very regularly striated by ten moderately fine lines; the sutural stria is longer than the others, and reaches nearly to the apex; the third, fifth, seventh, and ninth are also elongate, but slightly shorter than the sutural; the second, fourth, sixth, eighth, and tenth are also elongate, but they are distinctly shorter than the others; the submarginal stria is short and fine. The species is described from a single male; it has the front and middle tarsi much dilated, and furnished beneath with rather larger palettes; the anterior tibiae are rather short and stout, and are without notch. The species is not closely allied to any other; but I think it is just possible that *C. basalis* may prove to be its female.

### 13. *Copelatus prolongatus*.

*Copelatus prolongatus*, Sharp, Trans. Roy. Dubl. Soc. n. s. ii. p. 586.

*Hab.* PANAMA.

### 14. *Copelatus posticatus*.

*Dytiscus posticatus*, Fab. Syst. El. i. p. 268; Sharp, Trans. Roy. Dubl. Soc. n. s. ii. 587.

*Copelatus posticatus*, Aubé, Spec. Gén. vi. p. 372.

Var. *Copelatus signatus*, Sharp, Ent. Mo. Mag. x. p. 53.

*Hab.* MEXICO, Cerro de Plumas (*Höge*), Cordova (*Sallé*); GUATEMALA, Torola, 1000 feet, Paso Antonio, 400 feet (*Champion*); NICARAGUA, Chontales (*T. Belt*); PANAMA.—SOUTH AMERICA, from Cayenne to Rio de Janeiro; ANTILLES, Cuba, Guadeloupe.

This widely distributed species shows a good deal of variation, the most remarkable variety being that found in Nicaragua, and described by me (*loc. supr. cit.*) as a distinct species, under the name of *C. signatus*.

### 15. *Copelatus terminalis*. (Tab. I. fig. 9.)

*Copelatus terminalis*, Sharp, Trans. Roy. Dubl. Soc. n. s. ii. p. 588.

*Hab.* MEXICO, Cerro de Plumas, Jalapa (*Höge*); GUATEMALA, San Gerónimo, El Jicaro (*Champion*).

A large series of this species seems to indicate that it is distinct from *C. posticatus* the specimens show but little variation, except that those from Mexico are not quite so large as those from Guatemala.

### 16. *Copelatus depressus*.

*Copelatus depressus*, Sharp, Trans. Roy. Dubl. Soc. n. s. ii. p. 588.

*Hab.* GUATEMALA, San Gerónimo (*Champion*).