

space between it and the epipleura smooth, whereas in *C. impressicollis* this space is always covered with coarse punctures. The varieties of the species seem to be to a large extent local; the series from Sonora shows only slight variation.

**Copelatus integer** (p. 40).

To the Panama locality Bugaba, add:—David, San Miguel in the Pearl Islands (*Champion*).

**Copelatus fragilis** (p. 40).

To the locality given, add:—MEXICO, San Juan Bautista in Tabasco (*Höge*).

COPTOTOMUS (p. 41).

1. **Coptotomus obscurus**.

*Coptotomus obscurus*, Sharp, Trans. Roy. Dubl. Soc. n. s. ii. p. 601<sup>1</sup>.

*Coptotomus interrogatus*, huj. op. p. 41<sup>2</sup>.

*Hab.* NORTH AMERICA<sup>2</sup>, Texas<sup>1</sup>.—MEXICO, Guanajuato<sup>2</sup>, Tupataro (*Höge*).

This change of name results from both sexes of our species having been obtained at Tupataro, and an inspection of the male proving that it is *C. obscurus*.

RHANTUS (p. 42).

**Rhantus atricolor** (p. 42).

To the Mexican localities given, add:—Northern Sonora (*Morrison*), Mochitlan (*Baron*).

HYDATICUS (p. 43).

3. **Hydaticus amazonicus**, var.?

*Hydaticus amazonicus*, Sharp, Trans. Roy. Dubl. Soc. n. s. ii. p. 655<sup>1</sup>.

*Hab.* MEXICO, Vera Cruz (*Höge*).—SOUTH AMERICA, Amazons<sup>1</sup>, Brazil (*coll. Sharp*).

The unique example differs from the type by its narrower and more depressed form, and by the absence of the basal fascia and lateral spots from the elytra; but as it agrees with a Brazilian example I obtained from an old collection, I have treated it as a variety of *H. amazonicus*.

THERMONECTES (p. 43).

**Thermonectes succinctus** (p. 44).

To the locality MEXICO, add:—Ventanas (*Forrer*), Vera Cruz (*Höge*).

7 (A). **Thermonectes** — ?

*Hab.* MEXICO, Presidio (*Forrer*).