

connected with it. I do not see any sexual distinctions in the six examples found by Herr Höge.

DRYOPS (p. 119).

Dryops puncticollis (p. 121).

To the locality given, add :—NORTH AMERICA, Arizona (*Morrison*).—MEXICO, Northern Sonora (*Morrison*), Las Vigas (*Flohr*).

PELONOMUS (p. 122).

Pelonomus palpalis (p. 122).

To the Panama locality given, add :—Volcan de Chiriqui 4000 to 6000 feet (*Champion*).

This species, described from two examples, has since been found in abundance, both at David and on the Volcan de Chiriqui.

PARNUS (p. 123).

Parnus pusillus (p. 123).

Erase the locality PANAMA, Bugaba, as the specimen is a female of *P. centralis*.

2 (A). **Parnus centralis**.

Elongato-ovalis, parum convexus, niger, opacus, pube fusca brevissima densa setulisque erectis vestitus; pedibus rufis; elytris in parte basali parce minus fortiter punctatis.

Long. $3\frac{5}{8}$ millim.

Mas tarsi anterioribus subtus serratis, articulo quinto longius angulato.

Hab. PANAMA, Bugaba, Volcan de Chiriqui 4000 to 6000 feet, Tolé (*Champion*).

This species is very similar to *P. pusillus*, but the male has peculiarly formed front tarsi, joints 2–5 being acuminate beneath; the angle on the fifth joint is placed in the middle and is very large (this distinguishes the insect from *P. mexicanus*, where the angle on the fifth joint is small, but that of the fourth elongate; here the reverse is the case). In general characters the insect is scarcely distinguishable from *P. mexicanus*, but is not quite so large, and the minute clothing of the upper surface is a little denser, while the erect hairs are a little shorter.

2 (B). **Parnus major**.

Elongatus, parum convexus, niger, pube flavo-grisea brevissima dense vestitus cumque setulis erectis, sat elongatis; elytris basin versus sparsim parum fortiter punctatis; pedibus rufis.

Long. $4\frac{1}{4}$ millim.

Hab. PANAMA, Los Remedios, Tolé (*Champion*).

The male in this species has the tarsi armed beneath with long, fine hairs, most conspicuously so on the hind feet. The insect is extremely similar to *P. pusillus*, but