

met with by either Belt or Janson during their lengthened residence in the eastern part of Nicaragua.

2. **Argyripa anomala.** (Tab. XXI. figg. 15, ♂; 17, ♀, var.)

*Allorhina anomala*, Bates, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. 1869, p. 388 (♂)<sup>1</sup>.

♀. A ♂ differt solum capite et thorace inermibus; clypeo quadrato, plano, marginibus reflexis, apicali medio paullo altiore; tibiis anticis extus (dente apicali excepto) inermibus ventreque albo polito nigro-punctato, segmentis 2<sup>o</sup>-5<sup>m</sup> medio antice macula nigra transverso-ovata.

Var. ♂ ♀. Thorax margine toto flavo-cretaceo, nigro-punctato.

*Hab.* NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Belt*<sup>1</sup>).

3. **Argyripa subfasciata.** (Tab. XXII. figg. 2, 2 a, ♂; 3, 3 a, ♂, var.)

*Argyripa subfasciata*, Ritsema, Notes from the Leyden Mus. 1885, p. 41, t. 3. fig. 2 (♀)<sup>1</sup>;

O. Janson, loc. cit. 1888, p. 118, fig. 119 (♂)<sup>2</sup>.

*Hab.* PANAMA, Chiriqui<sup>2</sup> (*Trötsch*), Bugaba (*Champion*).—COLOMBIA<sup>1</sup>.

One of Mr. Champion's examples represents a variety (fig. 3) of this beautiful species in which the dark purple velvety elytra are unicolorous, with the exception of four rather small yellow marginal spots in the situation of the lateral terminations of the fasciæ and apical spot of the typical form. Mr. Janson in describing the male calls attention to the extraordinary form of the mentum, the disc of which is produced as a stout vertical spine, remarking, justly, that no trace of this exists in the male of *A. anomala*, and only a slight indication of it in the male of *A. lansbergei*.

We figure two male examples from Bugaba.

## CHIRIQUIBIA.

Gen. *Allorhinæ* affinis, sed differt capite maris absque cornu frontali, fronte ab occipite longitudinaliter usque ad cornu clypeale obtusissime carinata. Clypeus apice medio cornu mediocri erecto, bifido, capite margine utrinque prope oculos alte et acute elevato, apice acuto et libero. Tibiæ 4 posticæ sat graciles, inermes, anticæ (♂) apice extus in spinam acutam prolongatæ et obsolete obtusissime bidentatæ. Processus sternalis (sicut in *Cotine*) latus, planus, apice late rotundatus. ♀ ignota.

One fine and large species only is known of this genus. The absence of horizontal frontal horn necessitates its separation from *Allorhina* (incl. *Tiarocera*, Burm.), from the species of which it also differs strikingly in colour and markings.

1. **Chiriquibia insignis.** (Tab. XXII. figg. 1, 1 a, ♂.)

*Allorhina insignis*, O. Janson, Notes from the Leyden Mus. 1888, p. 119<sup>1</sup>.

*Hab.* PANAMA, Chiriqui<sup>1</sup> (*Trötsch*).