

The examination of a large series has shown that *G. ramulosa* is only a slight and inconstant variety of *G. chevrolati*; but I have seen no specimen agreeing in the yellow lines of the elytra with Gory and Percheron's figure except one from Mr. Edwin Brown's collection labelled "Panama." In all the others the yellow fascia very nearly reaches the suture and in some both the fascia and borders are of considerable width, a small dark spot remaining at the junction of the fascia and border on each side. The colour of the upperside varies from dark olivaceous-brown to rich purplish-black. In the original description¹ of *G. ramulosa* the symbols of the sexes were accidentally reversed; it is the male that has the under surface dark (blackish) grey, and the female the glossy-black abdomen and middle of the sternum.

13. **Gymnetis kerremansi.** (Tab. XXI. figg. 7, 8.)

Gymnetis kerremansi, Van de Poll, Notes from the Leyden Mus. viii. p. 231¹.

Hab. NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Belt*); PANAMA, Bugaba (*Champion*), Isthmus of Panama¹.

Our five examples (three males, two females) agree with V. de Poll's description, if we may understand his terms "cervina" and "fallow" to mean bluish-grey, for this is the colour of the underside, the mesosternal epimera, and the vague spots and borders of the numerous black spots and streaks which on a ground of ochreous make up the beautiful and highly diversified colour-pattern of the upperside. The males have more bluish-grey above, and the yellow spots of the female are more orange-coloured.

14. **Gymnetis callispila.** (Tab. XXII. fig. 15, ♂.)

Brevius quadrata, sat convexa, *G. radiicollis* similis; supra læte ochreo-flava (interdum subaurantiaca), nigro-maculata et plagiata nec maculis in lineas prolongatis sicut in *G. radiicollis*, fronte macula mediana; thorace plaga magna angulata basali (usque ad lobi basin extensa) strigis duabus flavis includente et antice vitta emittente, lateribus utrinque bi- et antice quadri-maculato; epimeris antice ochreis, postice nigris; elytris maculis plerumque in plagas majores sed irregulares congestis, margine angusto laterali latioreque apicali flavo immaculato. Subtus ♂ ochrea, nigro-punctata, mesosterni medio ventrisque fasciis medianis quatuor nigris, hirsutie nigra; ♀ ventre toto nigro polito. Processus sternalis oblique dependens, apice inferiore paullo curvato.

Long. 21-24 millim. ♂ ♀.

Hab. MEXICO, Temax in North Yucatan (*Gaumer*).

15. **Gymnetis radiicollis.** (Tab. XXII. fig. 14.)

Gymnetis radiicollis, Burm. Handb. der Ent. v. p. 552¹.

Hab. MEXICO¹, Orizaba (*Sallé*).

One (female) example in the Sallé collection. Besides the differences of colour-pattern on the upperside, this species is distinguished from *G. callispila* by the greyish-black epimera and under surface, and the more prolonged and narrower sternal process.