

"Mexico;" but as this species seems to be restricted to Southern Brazil it is to be suspected that the locality in this case is an error.

III.

8. *Euphoria lineoligera*. (Tab. XXIII. fig. 4.)

Euphoria lineoligera, Blanch. Cat. Coll. Ent. i. p. 13 (1850)¹.

Euphoria xanthomelas, Thomson, Typi Cetonid. p. 26 (1878)².

Hab. MEXICO² (*Ghiesbreght*¹), Ventanas (*Forrer*), Hacienda de Bleados in San Luis Potosi (*Dr. Palmer*), Villa Lerdo in Durango, Aguas Calientes city, Guadalajara, Cuernavaca (*Höge*), Guanajuato, Orizaba (*Sallé*).

In this species, like all others of Group III., the clypeus is plane with very narrow and scarcely reflexed margins.

9. *Euphoria biguttata*. (Tab. XXIII. fig. 2.)

Cetonia bi-guttata, Gory & Perch. Monogr. Cétoin. p. 274, t. 53. fig. 4¹.

Euphoria biguttata, Burm. Handb. der Ent. iii. p. 384².

Hab. MEXICO^{1 2}, Cordova, Orizaba, Izucar, Vera Cruz (*Sallé*), Jalapa, Mexico city, Oaxaca, Tonila, Zapotlan in Colima (*Höge*), Cuernavaca (*H. H. Smith*, *Höge*); GUATEMALA (*Sallé*), El Jicaro, Escuintla, Capetillo (*Champion*), Chimaltenango (*Conradt*).

10. *Euphoria canescens*.

Cetonia canescens, Gory & Perch. Monogr. Cétoin. p. 277, t. 54. fig. 1¹.

Euphoria canescens, Burm. Handb. der Ent. iii. p. 383².

Hab. MEXICO^{1 2}, Puebla, Orizaba, Guanajuato (*Sallé*), Jalapa, Matamoros Izucar in Puebla, Lagos in Aguas Calientes (*Höge*); GUATEMALA, Tocoyn (*Champion*).

11. *Euphoria leucopyge*.

E. dimidiata similis, at differt elytris apice pygidioque dense albido-tomentosis, hoc apice nudo nigro; nigro-nitida, elytris dimidio basali sanguinea margineque juxta scutellum breviter anguste nigro-marginato; capite dense confluentur punctato; clypeo sat elongato, medio dilatato, apice lato, subtruncato, anguste reflexo, marginibus lateralibus haud reflexis; thorace dense confluentur punctato, disco postice læviore, lobo basali vix producto, late et parum emarginato; elytris mediocriter punctatis; subtus hirsutie fulva, ventre utrinque marginibus anticis solum hirsutis. Processus sternalis brevis apiceque dilatatus et obtusissime rotundatus.

Long. 14 millim.

Hab. MEXICO, Hacienda de Bleados in San Luis Potosi (*Dr. Palmer*), Alamos (*Buchan-Hepburn*), Ventanas in Durango (*Forrer*).

The clypeus does not essentially differ from that of *E. dimidiata*, in which species it is very variable in length and outline.