

females, and are indeterminable, but in general form and markings they agree with this species. *E. vestita* is larger (15 millim.) than any of the preceding species, and more convex and elongate-ovate in the males, this sex having the antennal club twice the length of the remaining joints, and correspondingly broad. The thorax is trapezoidal, but rather elongated, and is strongly arcuate-sinuate in the middle of the base.

## 28. *Euphoria eximia*.

♂. Oblonga, virescenti-nigra, supra opaca, breviter erecte pilosa, thorace vitta utrinque marginali pygidioque maculis duabus magnis, cretaceo-albis; thorace maculis tribus basalibus elytrisque maculis numerosis et fascia maculari ante apicem rufo-aurantiacis; corpore subtus nigro-polito, ventris segmentis 1<sup>o</sup>-5<sup>m</sup> utrinque cretaceo-albo fasciatis; capite nigro, confluentur punctato, clypeo valde elongato lateribusque rotundatis, margine mediocriter reflexo apicali medio depresso-sinuato. Antennarum clava maxime elongata; tibiæ anticae graciles, prope apicem breviter bidentatae. Processus sternalis brevis et valde dilatatus, apice paullo rotundato.

Long. 14 millim.

*Hab.* COSTA RICA (*Sallé, Van Patten*). Two examples only, both males.

## 29. *Euphoria humilis*.

*Euphoria humilis*, Blanchard, Cat. Coll. Ent. i. p. 13<sup>1</sup>.

*Hab.* MEXICO<sup>1</sup> (*Sallé, ex coll. Sturm*), Peras (*Sallé*), Oaxaca (*Höge*).

Closely allied to *E. atra*, but larger, more oblong, and always glabrous above and beneath, generally black; the antennal club in the male is scarcely longer than joints 1-7; the scutellum is shining, and more or less punctured, the punctuation generally confined to the base; the elytral costæ are narrower and more strongly elevated; and the grey pubescence of the under surface is dense on the sides of the ventral segments. Some examples have traces of reddish spots at the base (sometimes at the sides) of the thorax and on the elytra, or are reddish-tawny, with two broad dusky vittæ on the thorax and the elytra marbled with dusky; these specimens are not easily to be distinguished from abraded examples of *E. vestita*, the sinuation of the basal lobe of the thorax is, however, considerably less.

## 30. *Euphoria subguttata*.

*Erirhipis subguttata*, Burm. Handb. der Ent. iii. p. 392.

*Hab.* MEXICO<sup>1</sup>.

This species is not contained in our collection. It is compared with the North-American *E. fulgida*, but is stated to be opaque above, emerald-green or golden-coppery, with the limb of the thorax and numerous spots and the apical margin of the elytra white.