

## EURYSTERNUS (p. 39).

**Eurysternus claudicans** (p. 39).

To the localities given, add:—MEXICO, Atoyac (*Flohr*); GUATEMALA, Coban in Vera Paz (*Conradt*).

## CANTHIDIUM (p. 47).

**Canthidium puncticolle** (p. 47).

To the localities given, add:—MEXICO, Atoyac in Vera Cruz (*H. H. Smith*), Temax in North Yucatan (*Gaumer*).

2 (A). **Canthidium smithi**.

*C. puncticolli* proxime affine; majus verticeque binodoso; quadrato-ovatum, viridescens-nigrum; clypeus bidentatus; thorax valde convexus, dorso postice sulco lato sed haud profundo cum basi tota grosse punctata, caetera superficie dense et minute punctulata; elytra striata, striis vix perspicue punctulatis, interstitiis obsolete coriaceo-punctulatis; pygidium paullulum convexus, sparsim subtiliter punctulatum, medio fovea magna parum profunda. Mesosterni episterna grosse arcuatim rugosa, metasterni lateribus arcuatim aciculatis. Tibiæ anticæ apice recte truncatæ, intus apice in ♂ acute productæ.

Long. 8 millim. ♂ ♀.

*Hab.* MEXICO, Omilteme in Guerrero 8000 feet (*H. H. Smith*). Two examples.

The two prominences on the crown are large and only very slightly elevated, probably worn; the third or frontal tubercle, conspicuous in *C. puncticolle*, is entirely wanting.

## COPRIS (p. 53).

**Copris rebouchei** (p. 54).

To the localities given, add:—MEXICO, Puente de Ixtla in Morelos 3500 feet, Mescala and Tepetlapa in Guerrero (*H. H. Smith*).

**Copris boucardi** (p. 54).

To the Mexican locality given, add:—Omilteme in Guerrero 8000 feet (*H. H. Smith*).

## PHANÆUS (p. 55).

**Phanæus pluto** (p. 56).

To the localities given, add:—Amula in Guerrero (*H. H. Smith*).

2 (A). **Phanæus mimæformis**.

*Phanæus mimæformis*, Ancy, Le Naturaliste, 2<sup>e</sup> Année, 1880, p. 205<sup>1</sup>.

*Hab.* COSTA RICA<sup>1</sup>.

Unknown to me.